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(71) Applicant: CHIRON CORPORATION [US/US]; 4560 Horton Street, Emeryville, CA 94608 (US). (72) Inventors: CHA, Tai-An ; 964 Springview Circle, San Ramon, CA 94583 (US). BEALL, Eileen ; 1150 Lincoln Avenue, # 5, Walnut Creek, CA 94596 (US). IRVINE, Bruce ; 3401 El Monte Drive, Concord, CA 94519 (US). KOLBERG, Janice ; 131 Scots Valley, Hercules, CA 94547 (US). URDEA, Michael, S. ; 100 Bunce Meadow Road, Alamo, CA 94501 (US).		Published <i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i>	
(54) Title: HCV GENOMIC SEQUENCES FOR DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPEUTICS			
(57) Abstract The present application features nucleic acid, peptide and antibody compositions relating to genotypes of hepatitis C virus and methods of using such compositions for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes.			

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HCV GENOMIC SEQUENCES FOR
DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPEUTICS

This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S.
5 Serial No. 07/697,326 entitled "Polynucleotide Probes
Useful for Screening for Hepatitis C Virus, filed May
8, 1991.

Technical Field

10 The invention relates to compositions and methods
for the detection and treatment of hepatitis C virus,
(HCV) infection, formerly referred to as blood-borne
non-A, non-B hepatitis virus (NANBV) infection. More
specifically, embodiments of the present invention
15 feature compositions and methods for the detection of
HCV, and for the development of vaccines for the
prophylactic treatment of infections of HCV, and
development of antibody products for conveying passive
immunity to HCV.

20

Background of the Invention

The prototype isolate of HCV was characterized in
U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 122,714 (See also
EPO Publication No. 318,216). As used herein, the term
25 "HCV" includes new isolates of the same viral species.
The term "HCV-1" referred to in U.S. Patent Application
Serial No. 122,714.

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HCV is a transmissible disease distinguishable from other forms of viral-associated liver diseases, including that caused by the known hepatitis viruses, i.e., hepatitis A virus (HAV), hepatitis B virus (HBV), 5 and delta hepatitis virus (HDV), as well as the hepatitis induced by cytomegalovirus (CMV) or Epstein-Barr virus (EBV). HCV was first identified in individuals who had received blood transfusions.

The demand for sensitive, specific methods for 10 screening and identifying carriers of HCV and HCV contaminated blood or blood products is significant. Post-transfusion hepatitis (PTH) occurs in approximately 10% of transfused patients, and HCV accounts for up to 90% of these cases. The disease 15 frequently progresses to chronic liver damage (25-55%).

Patient care as well as the prevention of 20 transmission of HCV by blood and blood products or by close personal contact require reliable screening, diagnostic and prognostic tools to detect nucleic acids, antigens and antibodies related to HCV.

Information in this application suggests the HCV 25 has several genotypes. That is, the genetic information of the HCV virus may not be totally identical for all HCV, but encompasses groups with differing genetic information.

Genetic information is stored in thread-like molecules of DNA and RNA. DNA consists of covalently

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linked chains of deoxyribonucleotides and RNA consists of covalently linked chains of ribonucleotides. Each nucleotide is characterized by one of four bases: adenine (A), guanine (G), thymine (T), and cytosine

5 The bases are complementary in the sense that, due to the orientation of functional groups, certain base pairs attract and bond to each other through hydrogen bonding and π -stacking interactions.

10 Adenine in one strand of DNA pairs with thymine in an opposing complementary strand. Guanine in one strand of DNA pairs with cytosine in an opposing complementary strand. In RNA, the thymine base is replaced by uracil (U) which pairs with adenine in an opposing complementary strand. The genetic code of living

15 organism is carried in the sequence of base pairs. Living cells interpret, transcribe and translate the information of nucleic acid to make proteins and peptides.

20 The HCV genome is comprised of a single positive strand of RNA. The HCV genome possesses a continuous, translational open reading frame (ORF) that encodes a polyprotein of about 3,000 amino acids. In the ORF, the structural protein(s) appear to be encoded in approximately the first quarter of the N-terminus

25 region, with the majority of the polyprotein responsible for non-structural proteins.

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The HCV polyprotein comprises, from the amino terminus to the carboxy terminus, the nucleocapsid protein (C), the envelope protein (E), and the non-structural proteins (NS) 1, 2 (b), 3, 4 (b), and 5.

5 HCV of differing genotypes may encode for proteins which present an altered response to host immune systems. HCV of differing genotypes may be difficult to detect by immuno diagnostic techniques and nucleic acid probe techniques which are not specifically 10 directed to such genotype.

Definitions for selected terms used in the application are set forth below to facilitate an understanding of the invention. The term "corresponding" means homologous to or complementary to 15 a particular sequence of nucleic acid. As between nucleic acids and peptides, corresponding refers to amino acids of a peptide in an order derived from the sequence of a nucleic acid or its complement.

The term "non-naturally occurring nucleic acid" 20 refers to a portion of genomic nucleic acid, cDNA, semisynthetic nucleic acid, or synthetic origin nucleic acid which, by virtue of its origin or manipulation: (1) is not associated with all of a nucleic acid with which it is associated in nature, (2) is linked to a 25 nucleic acid or other chemical agent other than that to

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which it is linked in nature, or (3) does not occur in nature.

Similarly the term, "a non-naturally occurring peptide" refers to a portion of a large naturally occurring peptide or protein, or semi-synthetic or synthetic peptide, which by virtue of its origin or manipulation (1) is not associated with all of a peptide with which it is associated in nature, (2) is linked to peptides, functional groups or chemical agents other than that to which it is linked in nature, or (3) does not occur in nature.

The term "primer" refers to a nucleic acid which is capable of initiating the synthesis of a larger nucleic acid when placed under appropriate conditions. 15 The primer will be completely or substantially complementary to a region of the nucleic acid to be copied. Thus, under conditions conducive to hybridization, the primer will anneal to a complementary region of a larger nucleic acid. Upon 20 addition of suitable reactants, the primer is extended by the polymerizing agent to form a copy of the larger nucleic acid.

The term "binding pair" refers to any pair of molecules which exhibit mutual affinity or binding 25 capacity. For the purposes of the present application, the term "ligand" will refer to one molecule of the binding pair, and the term "antiligand" or "receptor"

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or "target" will refer to the opposite molecule of the binding pair. For example, with respect to nucleic acids, a binding pair may comprise two complementary nucleic acids. One of the nucleic acids may be 5 designated the ligand and the other strand is designated the antiligand receptor or target. The designation of ligand or antiligand is a matter of arbitrary convenience. Other binding pairs comprise, by way of example, antigens and antibodies, drugs and 10 drug receptor sites and enzymes and enzyme substrates, to name a few.

The term "label" refers to a molecular moiety capable of detection including, by way of example, without limitation, radioactive isotopes, enzymes, 15 luminescent agents, precipitating agents, and dyes.

The term "support" includes conventional supports such as filters and membranes as well as retrievable supports which can be substantially dispersed within a medium and removed or separated from the medium by 20 immobilization, filtering, partitioning, or the like. The term "support means" refers to supports capable of being associated to nucleic acids, peptides or antibodies by binding partners, or covalent or noncovalent linkages.

25 A number of HCV strains and isolates have been identified. When compared with the sequence of the original isolate derived from the USA ("HCV-1"; see

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Q.-L. Choo et al. (1989) Science 244:359-362, Q.-L. Choo et al. (1990) Brit. Med. Bull. 46:423-441, Q.-L. Choo et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 88:2451-2455 (1991), and E.P.O. Patent Publication No. 318,216, 5 cited supra), it was found that a Japanese isolate ("HCV J1") differed significantly in both nucleotide and polypeptide sequence within the NS3 and NS4 regions. This conclusion was later extended to the NS5 and envelope (E1/S and E2/NS1) regions (see K. Takeuchi et al., J. Gen. Virol. (1990) 71:3027-3033, Y. Kubo, Nucl. Acids. Res. (1989) 17:10367-10372, and K. Takeuchi et al., Gene (1990) 91:287-291). The former group of isolates, originally identified in the United States, is termed "Genotype I" throughout the present 10 disclosure, while the latter group of isolates, initially identified in Japan, is termed "Genotype II" 15 herein.

Brief Description of the Invention

20 The present invention features compositions of matter comprising nucleic acids and peptides corresponding to the HCV viral genome which define different genotypes. The present invention also features methods of using the compositions 25 corresponding to sequences of the HCV viral genome which define different genotypes described herein.

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A. Nucleic acid compositions

The nucleic acid of the present invention, corresponding to the HCV viral genome which define different genotypes, have utility as probes in nucleic acid hybridization assays, as primers for reactions involving the synthesis of nucleic acid, as binding partners for separating HCV viral nucleic acid from other constituents which may be present, and as anti-sense nucleic acid for preventing the transcription or translation of viral nucleic acid.

One embodiment of the present invention features a composition comprising a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a nucleic acid sequence of at least eight nucleotides corresponding to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence of the hepatitis C viral genome. Preferably, the nucleotide sequence is selected from a sequence present in at least one region consisting of the NS5 region, envelope 1 region, 5'UT region, and the core region.

Preferably, with respect to sequences which correspond to the NS5 region, the sequence is selected from a sequence within a sequence numbered 2-22. The sequence numbered 1 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences numbered 1-22 are defined in the Sequence Listing of the application.

Preferably, with respect to sequences corresponding to the envelope 1 region, the sequence is

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selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 24-32. Sequence No. 23 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences numbered 23-32 are set forth in the Sequence Listing of the application.

5 Preferably, with respect to the sequences which correspond to the 5'UT regions, the sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 34-51. Sequence No. 33 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequence No. 33-51 are set forth in the Sequence Listing of this 10 application.

Preferably, with respect to the sequences which correspond to the core region, the sequence is selected from a sequence within the sequences numbered 53-66. Sequence No. 52 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences 52-66 15 are set forth in the Sequence Listing of this application.

The compositions of the present invention form hybridization products with nucleic acid corresponding to different genotypes of HCV.

20 HCV has at least five genotypes, which will be referred to in this application by the designations GI-GV. The first genotype, GI, is exemplified by sequences numbered 1-6, 23-25, 33-38 and 52-57. The second genotype, GII, is exemplified by the sequences 25 numbered 7-12, 26-28, 39-45 and 58-64. The third genotype, GIII, is exemplified by sequences numbered 13-17, 32, 46-47 and 65-66. The fourth genotype, GIV,

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is exemplified by sequences numbered 20-22, and 29-31 and 48-49. The fifth genotype, GV, is exemplified by sequences numbered 18, 19, 50 and 51.

One embodiment of the present invention features 5 compositions comprising a nucleic acid having a sequence corresponding to one or more sequences which exemplify a genotype of HCV.

B. Method of forming a Hybridization Product

10 Embodiments of the present invention also feature a method of forming a hybridization product with nucleic acid having a sequence corresponding to HCV nucleic acid. One method comprises the steps of placing a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a 15 non-HCV-1 sequence corresponding to HCV nucleic acid under conditions in which hybridization may occur. The non-naturally occurring nucleic acid is capable of forming a hybridization product with HCV nucleic acid, under hybridization conditions. The method further 20 comprises the step of imposing hybridization conditions to form a hybridization product in the presence of nucleic acid corresponding to a region of the HCV genome.

25 The formation of a hybridization product has utility for detecting the presence of one or more genotypes of HCV. Preferably, the non-naturally occurring nucleic acid forms a hybridization product

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with nucleic acid of HCV in one or more regions comprising the NS5 region, envelope 1 region, 5'UT region and the core region. To detect the hybridization product, it is useful to associate the

5 non-naturally occurring nucleic acid with a label. The formation of the hybridization product is detected by separating the hybridization product from labeled non-naturally occurring nucleic acid, which has not formed a hybridization product.

10 The formation of a hybridization product has utility as a means of separating one or more genotypes of HCV nucleic acid from other constituents potentially present. For such applications, it is useful to associate the non-naturally occurring nucleic acid with

15 a support for separating the resultant hybridization product from the the other constituents.

Nucleic acid "sandwich assays" employ one nucleic acid associated with a label and a second nucleic acid associated with a support. An embodiment of the

20 present invention features a sandwich assay comprising two nucleic acids, both have sequences which correspond to HCV nucleic acids; however, at least one non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to non-HCV-1 HCV nucleic acid. At least

25 one nucleic acid is capable of associating with a label, and the other is capable of associating with a support. The support associated non-naturally

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occurring nucleic acid is used to separate the hybridization products which include an HCV nucleic acid and the non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence.

5 One embodiment of the present invention features a method of detecting one or more genotypes of HCV. The method comprises the steps of placing a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid under conditions which hybridization may occur. The non-naturally occurring
10 nucleic acid is capable of forming a hybridization product with nucleic acid from one or more genotypes of HCV. The first genotype, GI, is exemplified by sequences numbered 1-6, 23-25, 33-38 and 52-57. The second genotype, GII, is exemplified by the sequences numbered 7-12, 26-28, 39-45 and 58-64. The third genotype, GIII, is exemplified by sequences numbered 13-17, 32, 46-47 and 65-66. The fourth genotype, GIV, is exemplified sequences numbered 20-22 and 29-31. The fifth genotype, GV, is exemplified by sequences numbered 18, 19, 50 and 51.

20 The hybridization product of HCV nucleic acid with a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having non-HCV-1 sequence corresponding to sequences within the HCV genome has utility for priming a reaction for the
25 synthesis of nucleic acid.

The hybridization product of HCV nucleic acid with a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a

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sequence corresponding to a particular genotype of HCV has utility for priming a reaction for the synthesis of nucleic acid of such genotype. In one embodiment, the synthesized nucleic acid is indicative of the presence 5 of one or more genotypes of HCV.

The synthesis of nucleic acid may also facilitate cloning of the nucleic acid into expression vectors which synthesize viral proteins.

Embodiments of the present methods have utility as 10 anti-sense agents for preventing the transcription or translation of viral nucleic acid. The formation of a hybridization product of a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having sequences which correspond to a particular genotype of HCV genomic sequencing with HCV 15 nucleic acid may block translation or transcription of such genotype. Therapeutic agents can be engineered to include all five genotypes for inclusivity.

C. Peptide and antibody composition

A further embodiment of the present invention 20 features a composition of matter comprising a non-naturally occurring peptide of three or more amino acids corresponding to a nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence. Preferably, the non-HCV-1 sequence corresponds with a sequence within one or more regions 25 consisting of the NS5 region, the envelope 1 region, the 5'UT region, and the core region.

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Preferably, with respect to peptides corresponding to a nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence of the NS5 region, the sequence is within sequences numbered 2-22. The sequence numbered 1 corresponds to HCV-1. 5 Sequences numbered 1-22 are set forth in the Sequence Listing.

Preferably, with respect to peptides corresponding to a nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence of the envelope 1 region, the sequence is within sequences numbered 24-32. The sequence numbered 23 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences numbered 23-32 are set forth in the Sequence Listing.

Preferably, with respect to peptides corresponding to a nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 sequence directed to the core region, the sequence is within sequences numbered 53-66. Sequence numbered 52 corresponds to HCV-1. Sequences numbered 52-66 are set forth in the Sequence Listing.

The further embodiment of the present invention 20 features peptide compositions corresponding to nucleic acid sequences of a genotype of HCV. The first genotype, GI, is exemplified by sequences numbered 1-6, 23-25, 33-38 and 52-57. The second genotype, GII, is exemplified by the sequences numbered 7-12, 26-28, 25 39-45 and 58-64. The third genotype, GIII, is exemplified by sequences numbered 13-17, 32, 46-47 and 65-66. The fourth genotype, GIV, is exemplified

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sequences numbered 20-22, 29-31, 48 and 49. The fifth genotype, GV, is exemplified by sequences numbered 18, 19, 50 and 51.

The non-naturally occurring peptides of the present invention are useful as a component of a vaccine. The sequence information of the present invention permits the design of vaccines which are inclusive for all or some of the different genotypes of HCV. Directing a vaccine to a particular genotype allows prophylactic treatment to be tailored to maximize the protection to those agents likely to be encountered. Directing a vaccine to more than one genotype allows the vaccine to be more inclusive.

The peptide compositions are also useful for the development of specific antibodies to the HCV proteins. One embodiment of the present invention features as a composition of matter, an antibody to peptides corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence of the HCV genome. Preferably, the non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from the sequence within a region consisting of the NS5 region, the envelope 1 region, and the core region. There are no peptides associated with the untranslated 5'UT region.

Preferably, with respect to antibodies directed to peptides of the NS5 region, the peptide corresponds to a sequence within sequences numbered 2-22. Preferably, with respect to antibodies directed to a peptide

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corresponding to the envelope 1 region, the peptide corresponds to a sequence within sequences numbered 24-32. Preferably, with respect to the antibodies directed to peptides corresponding to the core region,
5 the peptide corresponds to a sequence within sequences numbered 53-66.

Antibodies directed to peptides which reflect a particular genotype have utility for the detection of such genotypes of HCV and therapeutic agents..

10 One embodiment of the present invention features an antibody directed to a peptide corresponding to nucleic acid having sequences of a particular genotype. The first genotype, GI, is exemplified by sequences numbered 1-6, 23-25, 33-38 and 52-57. The
15 second genotype, GII, is exemplified by the sequences numbered 7-12, 26-28, 39-45 and 58-64. The third genotype, GIII, is exemplified by sequences numbered 13-17, 32, 46-47 and 65-66. The fourth genotype, GIV, is exemplified sequences numbered 20-22, 29-31, 48 and
20 49. The fifth genotype, GV, is exemplified by sequences numbered 18, 19, 50 and 51.

Individuals skilled in the art will readily recognize that the compositions of the present invention can be packaged with instructions for use in
25 the form of a kit for performing nucleic acid hybridizations or immunochemical reactions.

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The present invention is further described in the following figures which illustrate sequences demonstrating genotypes of HCV. The sequences are designated by numerals 1-145, which numerals and sequences are consistent with the numerals and sequences set forth in the Sequence Listing. Sequences 146 and 147 facilitate the discussion of an assay which numerals and sequences are consistent with the numerals and sequences set forth in the Sequence Listing.

10

Brief Description of the Figures and Sequence Listing

Figure 1 depicts schematically the genetic organization of HCV;

15 Figure 2 sets forth nucleic acid sequences numbered 1-22 which sequences are derived from the NS5 region of the HCV viral genome;

Figure 3 sets forth nucleic acid sequences numbered 23-32 which sequences are derived from the envelope 1 region of the HCV viral genome;

20 Figure 4 sets forth nucleic acid sequences numbered 33-51 which sequences are derived from the 5'UT region of the HCV viral genome; and,

Figure 5 sets forth nucleic acid sequences numbered 52-66 which sequences are derived from the 25 core region of the HCV viral genome.

The Sequence Listing sets forth the sequences of sequences numbered 1-147.

Detailed Description of the Invention

The present invention will be described in detail as a nucleic acid having sequences corresponding to the HCV genome and related peptides and binding 5 partners, for diagnostic and therapeutic applications.

The practice of the present invention will employ, unless otherwise indicated, conventional techniques of chemistry, molecular biology, microbiology, recombinant DNA, and immunology, which are within the skill of the 10 art. Such techniques are explained fully in the literature. See e.g., Maniatis, Fisch & Sambrook, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (1982); DNA Cloning, Volumes I and II (D.N. Glover ed. 1985); Oligonucleotide Synthesis (M.J. Gait ed. 1984); Nucleic 15 Acid Hybridization (B.D. Hames & S.J. Higgins eds. 1984); the series, Methods in Enzymology (Academic Press, Inc.), particularly Vol. 154 and Vol. 155 (Wu and Grossman, eds.).

The cDNA libraries are derived from nucleic acid 20 sequences present in the plasma of an HCV-infected chimpanzee. The construction of one of these libraries, the "c" library (ATCC No. 40394), is described in PCT Pub. No. WO90/14436. The sequences of the library relevant to the present invention are set 25 forth herein as sequence numbers 1, 23, 33 and 52.

Nucleic acids isolated or synthesized in accordance with features of the present invention are

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useful, by way of example without limitation as probes, primers, anti-sense genes and for developing expression systems for the synthesis of peptides corresponding to such sequences.

5 The nucleic acid sequences described define genotypes of HCV with respect to four regions of the viral genome. Figure 1 depicts schematically the organization of HCV. The four regions of particular interest are the NS5 region, the envelope 1 region, the 10 5'UT region and the core region.

15 The sequences set forth in the present application as sequences numbered 1-22 suggest at least five genotypes in the NS5 region. Sequences numbered 1-22 are depicted in Figure 2 as well as the Sequence Listing. Each sequence numbered 1-22 is derived from nucleic acid having 340 nucleotides from the NS5 region.

20 The five genotypes are defined by groupings of the sequences defined by sequence numbered 1-22. For convenience, in the present application, the different genotypes will be assigned roman numerals and the letter "G".

25 The first genotype (GI) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 1-6. A second genotype (GII) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 7-12. A third genotype (GIII) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 13-17. A fourth genotype (GIV) is exemplified by

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sequences within sequences numbered 20-22. A fifth genotype (GV) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 18 and 19.

The sequences set forth in the present application 5 as sequences numbered 23-32 suggest at least four genotypes in the envelope 1 region of HCV. Sequences numbered 23-32 are depicted in Figure 3 as well as in the Sequence Listing. Each sequence numbered 23-32 is derived from nucleic acid having 100 nucleotides from 10 the envelope 1 region.

A first envelope 1 genotype group (GI) is exemplified by the sequences within the sequences numbered 23-25. A second envelope 1 genotype (GII) region is exemplified by sequences within sequences 15 numbered 26-28. A third envelope 1 genotype (GIII) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 32. A fourth envelope 1 genotype (GIV) is exemplified by the sequences within sequence numbered 29-31.

The sequences set forth in the present application 20 as sequences numbered 33-51 suggest at least three genotypes in the 5'UT region of HCV. Sequences numbered 33-51 are depicted in Figure 4 as well as in the Sequence Listing. Each sequence numbered 33-51 is derived from the nucleic acid having 252 nucleotides 25 from the 5'UT region, although sequences 50 and 51 are somewhat shorter at approximately 180 nucleotides.

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The first 5'UT genotype (GI) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 33-38. A second 5'UT genotype (GII) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 39-45. A third 5'UT genotype 5 (GIII) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 46-47. A fourth 5'UT genotype (GIV) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 48 and 49. A fifth 5'UT genotype (GV) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 50 and 51.

10 The sequences numbered 48-62 suggest at least three genotypes in the core region of HCV. The sequences numbered 52-66 are depicted in Figure 5 as well as in the Sequence Listing.

15 The first core region genotype (GI) is exemplified by the sequences within sequences numbered 52-57. The second core region genotype (GII) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 58-64. The third core region genotype (GIII) is exemplified by sequences within sequences numbered 65 and 66. Sequences 20 numbered 52-65 are comprised of 549 nucleotides. Sequence numbered 66 is comprised of 510 nucleotides.

25 The various genotypes described with respect to each region are consistent. That is, HCV having features of the first genotype with respect to the NS5 region will substantially conform to features of the first genotype of the envelope 1 region, the 5'UT region and the core region.

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Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with the sequences set forth in sequence numbers 1-66 are useful as probes, primers, capture ligands and anti-sense agents. As probes, primers, capture ligands and anti-sense agents, the nucleic acid will normally comprise approximately eight or more nucleotides for specificity as well as the ability to form stable hybridization products.

10 Probes

A nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with a sequence defining a particular genotype of a region of the HCV genome can be used as a probe to detect such genotype or used in combination with other nucleic acid probes to detect substantially all genotypes of HCV.

With the sequence information set forth in the present application, sequences of eight or more nucleotides are identified which provide the desired inclusivity and exclusivity with respect to various genotypes within HCV, and extraneous nucleic acid sequences likely to be encountered during hybridization conditions.

Individuals skilled in the art will readily recognize that the nucleic acid sequences, for use as probes, can be provided with a label to facilitate detection of a hybridization product.

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Capture Ligand

For use as a capture ligand, the nucleic acid selected in the manner described above with respect to probes, can be readily associated with supports. The 5 manner in which nucleic acid is associated with supports is well known. Nucleic acid having sequences corresponding to a sequence within sequences numbered 1-66 have utility to separate viral nucleic acid of one genotype from the nucleic acid of HCV of a different 10 genotype. Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with sequences within sequences numbered 1-66, used in combinations, have utility to capture substantially all nucleic acid of all HCV genotypes.

15 Primers

Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with the sequences described herein have utility as primers for the amplification of HCV sequences. With respect to polymerase chain reaction (PCR) techniques, 20 nucleic acid sequences of eight or more nucleotides corresponding to one or more sequences of sequences numbered 1-66 have utility in conjunction with suitable enzymes and reagents to create copies of the viral nucleic acid. A plurality of primers having different 25 sequences corresponding to more than one genotype can be used to create copies of viral nucleic acid for such genotypes.

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5 The copies can be used in diagnostic assays to detect HCV virus. The copies can also be incorporated into cloning and expression vectors to generate polypeptides corresponding to the nucleic acid synthesized by PCR, as will be described in greater detail below.

Anti-sense

10 Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with the sequences described herein have utility as anti-sense genes to prevent the expression of HCV.

15 Nucleic acid corresponding to a genotype of HCV is loaded into a suitable carrier such as a liposome for introduction into a cell infected with HCV. A nucleic acid having eight or more nucleotides is capable of binding to viral nucleic acid or viral messenger RNA. Preferably, the anti-sense nucleic acid is comprised of 30 or more nucleotides to provide necessary stability of a hybridization product of viral nucleic acid or 20 viral messenger RNA. Methods for loading anti-sense nucleic acid is known in the art as exemplified by U.S. Patent 4,241,046 issued December 23, 1980 to Papahadjopoulos et al.

25 Peptide Synthesis

Nucleic acid isolated or synthesized in accordance with the sequences described herein have utility to

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generate peptides. The sequences exemplified by sequences numbered 1-32 and 52-66 can be cloned into suitable vectors or used to isolate nucleic acid. The isolated nucleic acid is combined with suitable DNA 5 linkers and cloned into a suitable vector. The vector can be used to transform a suitable host organism such as E. coli and the peptide encoded by the sequences isolated.

10 Molecular cloning techniques are described in the text Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Maniatis et al., Coldspring Harbor Laboratory (1982).

The isolated peptide has utility as an antigenic substance for the development of vaccines and antibodies directed to the particular genotype of HCV.

15

Vaccines and Antibodies

The peptide materials of the present invention have utility for the development of antibodies and vaccines.

20

The availability of cDNA sequences, or nucleotide sequences derived therefrom (including segments and modifications of the sequence), permits the construction of expression vectors encoding antigenically active regions of the peptide encoded in either strand. The antigenically active regions may be 25 derived from the NS5 region, envelope 1 regions, and the core region.

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Fragments encoding the desired peptides are derived from the cDNA clones using conventional restriction digestion or by synthetic methods, and are ligated into vectors which may, for example, contain 5 portions of fusion sequences such as beta galactosidase or superoxide dismutase (SOD), preferably SOD. Methods and vectors which are useful for the production of polypeptides which contain fusion sequences of SOD are described in European Patent Office Publication number 10 0196056, published October 1, 1986.

Any desired portion of the HCV cDNA containing an open reading frame, in either sense strand, can be obtained as a recombinant peptide, such as a mature or fusion protein; alternatively, a peptide encoded in the 15 cDNA can be provided by chemical synthesis.

The DNA encoding the desired peptide, whether in fused or mature form, and whether or not containing a signal sequence to permit secretion, may be ligated into expression vectors suitable for any convenient 20 host. Both eukaryotic and prokaryotic host systems are presently used in forming recombinant peptides. The peptide is then isolated from lysed cells or from the culture medium and purified to the extent needed for its intended use. Purification may be by techniques 25 known in the art, for example, differential extraction, salt fractionation, chromatography on ion exchange resins, affinity chromatography, centrifugation, and

the like. See, for example, Methods in Enzymology for a variety of methods for purifying proteins. Such peptides can be used as diagnostics, or those which give rise to neutralizing antibodies may be formulated 5 into vaccines. Antibodies raised against these peptides can also be used as diagnostics, or for passive immunotherapy or for isolating and identifying HCV.

An antigenic region of a peptide is generally 10 relatively small--typically 8 to 10 amino acids or less in length. Fragments of as few as 5 amino acids may characterize an antigenic region. These segments may correspond to NS5 region, envelope 1 region, and the core region of the HCV genome. The 5'UT region is not 15 known to be translated. Accordingly, using the cDNAs of such regions, DNAs encoding short segments of HCV peptides corresponding to such regions can be expressed recombinantly either as fusion proteins, or as isolated peptides. In addition, short amino acid sequences can 20 be conveniently obtained by chemical synthesis. In instances wherein the synthesized peptide is correctly configured so as to provide the correct epitope, but is too small to be immunogenic, the peptide may be linked to a suitable carrier.

25 A number of techniques for obtaining such linkage are known in the art, including the formation of disulfide linkages using N-succinimidyl-3-(2-

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pyridylthio)propionate (SPDP) and succinimidyl 4-(N-maleimido-methyl)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (SMCC) obtained from Pierce Company, Rockford, Illinois, (if the peptide lacks a sulfhydryl group, this can be 5 provided by addition of a cysteine residue). These reagents create a disulfide linkage between themselves and peptide cysteine residues on one protein and an amide linkage through the epsilon-amino on a lysine, or other free amino group in the other. A variety of such 10 disulfide/amide-forming agents are known. See, for example, Immun Rev (1982) 62:185. Other bifunctional coupling agents form a thioether rather than a disulfide linkage. Many of these thio-ether-forming agents are commercially available and include reactive 15 esters of 6-maleimidocaprioc acid, 2-bromoacetic acid, 2-iodoacetic acid, 4-N-maleimido-methyl)cyclohexane-1-carboxylic acid, and the like. The carboxyl groups can be activated by combining them with succinimide or 1-hydroxyl-2 nitro-4-sulfonic acid, sodium salt. 20 Additional methods of coupling antigens employs the rotavirus/"binding peptide" system described in EPO Pub. No. 259,149, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. The foregoing list is not meant to be exhaustive, and modifications of the 25 named compounds can clearly be used.

Any carrier may be used which does not itself induce the production of antibodies harmful to the

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host. Suitable carriers are typically large, slowly metabolized macromolecules such as proteins; polysaccharides, such as latex functionalized Sepharose, agarose, cellulose, cellulose beads and the like; polymeric amino acids, such as polyglutamic acid, polylysine, and the like; amino acid copolymers; and inactive virus particles. Especially useful protein substrates are serum albumins, keyhole limpet hemocyanin, immunoglobulin molecules, thyroglobulin, ovalbumin, tetanus toxoid, and other proteins well known to those skilled in the art.

Peptides comprising HCV amino acid sequences encoding at least one viral epitope derived from the NS5, envelope 1, and core region are useful immunological reagents. The 5'UT region is not known to be translated. For example, peptides comprising such truncated sequences can be used as reagents in an immunoassay. These peptides also are candidate subunit antigens in compositions for antiserum production or vaccines. While the truncated sequences can be produced by various known treatments of native viral protein, it is generally preferred to make synthetic or recombinant peptides comprising HCV sequence. Peptides comprising these truncated HCV sequences can be made up entirely of HCV sequences (one or more epitopes, either contiguous or noncontiguous), or HCV sequences and heterologous sequences in a fusion protein. Useful

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heterologous sequences include sequences that provide for secretion from a recombinant host, enhance the immunological reactivity of the HCV epitope(s), or facilitate the coupling of the polypeptide to an immunoassay support or a vaccine carrier. See, E.G., EPO Pub. No. 116,201; U.S. Pat. No. 4,722,840; EPO Pub. No. 259,149; U.S. Pat. No. 4,629,783.

The size of peptides comprising the truncated HCV sequences can vary widely, the minimum size being a sequence of sufficient size to provide an HCV epitope, while the maximum size is not critical. For convenience, the maximum size usually is not substantially greater than that required to provide the desired HCV epitopes and function(s) of the heterologous sequence, if any. Typically, the truncated HCV amino acid sequence will range from about 5 to about 100 amino acids in length. More typically, however, the HCV sequence will be a maximum of about 50 amino acids in length, preferably a maximum of about 30 amino acids. It is usually desirable to select HCV sequences of at least about 10, 12 or 15 amino acids, up to a maximum of about 20 or 25 amino acids.

HCV amino acid sequences comprising epitopes can be identified in a number of ways. For example, the entire protein sequence corresponding to each of the NS5, envelope 1, and core regions can be screened by preparing a series of short peptides that together span

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the entire protein sequence of such regions. By starting with, for example, peptides of approximately 100 amino acids, it would be routine to test each peptide for the presence of epitope(s) showing a 5 desired reactivity, and then testing progressively smaller and overlapping fragments from an identified peptides of 100 amino acids to map the epitope of interest. Screening such peptides in an immunoassay is within the skill of the art. It is also known to carry 10 out a computer analysis of a protein sequence to identify potential epitopes, and then prepare peptides comprising the identified regions for screening.

The immunogenicity of the epitopes of HCV may also be enhanced by preparing them in mammalian or yeast 15 systems fused with or assembled with particle-forming proteins such as, for example, that associated with hepatitis B surface antigen. See, e.g., US 4,722,840. Constructs wherein the HCV epitope is linked directly to the particle-forming protein coding sequences 20 produce hybrids which are immunogenic with respect to the HCV epitope. In addition, all of the vectors prepared include epitopes specific to HBV, having various degrees of immunogenicity, such as, for example, the pre-S peptide. Thus, particles 25 constructed from particle forming protein which include HCV sequences are immunogenic with respect to HCV and HBV.

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Hepatitis surface antigen (HBsAg) has been shown to be formed and assembled into particles in S. cerevisiae (P. Valenzuela et al. (1982)), as well as in, for example, mammalian cells (P. Valenzuela et al. 5 1984)). The formation of such particles has been shown to enhance the immunogenicity of the monomer subunit. The constructs may also include the immunodominant epitope of HBsAg, comprising the 55 amino acids of the presurface (pre-S) region. Neurath et al. (1984). 10 Constructs of the pre-S-HBsAg particle expressible in yeast are disclosed in EPO 174,444, published March 19, 1986; hybrids including heterologous viral sequences for yeast expression are disclosed in EPO 175,261, published March 26, 1986. These constructs may also be 15 expressed in mammalian cells such as Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells using an SV40-dihydrofolate reductase vector (Michelle et al. (1984)).

In addition, portions of the particle-forming protein coding sequence may be replaced with codons 20 encoding an HCV epitope. In this replacement, regions which are not required to mediate the aggregation of the units to form immunogenic particles in yeast of mammals can be deleted, thus eliminating additional HBV antigenic sites from competition with the HCV epitope.

25

Vaccines

Vaccines may be prepared from one or more

immunogenic peptides derived from HCV. The observed homology between HCV and Flaviviruses provides information concerning the peptides which are likely to be most effective as vaccines, as well as the regions 5 of the genome in which they are encoded.

Multivalent vaccines against HCV may be comprised of one or more epitopes from one or more proteins derived from the NS5, envelope 1, and core regions. In particular, vaccines are contemplated comprising one or 10 more HCV proteins or subunit antigens derived from the NS5, envelope 1, and core regions. The 5'UT region is not known to be translated.

The preparation of vaccines which contain an immunogenic peptide as an active ingredient, is known 15 to one skilled in the art. Typically, such vaccines are prepared as injectables, either as liquid solutions or suspensions; solid forms suitable for solution in, or suspension in, liquid prior to injection may also be prepared. The preparation may also be emulsified, or 20 the protein encapsulated in liposomes. The active immunogenic ingredients are often mixed with excipients which are pharmaceutically acceptable and compatible with the active ingredient. Suitable excipients are, for example, water, saline, dextrose, glycerol, 25 ethanol, or the like and combinations thereof. In addition, if desired, the vaccine may contain minor amounts of auxiliary substances such as wetting or

emulsifying agents, pH buffering agents, and/or adjuvants which enhance the effectiveness of the vaccine. Examples of adjuvants which may be effective include but are not limited to: aluminum hydroxide, 5 N-acetyl-muramyl-L-theronoyl-D- isoglutamine (thr-MDP), N-acetyl-nor-muramyl-L-alanyl- D-isoglutamine (CGP 11637, referred to as nor-MDP), N- acetyl muramyl-L- alanyl-D-isoglutaminyl-L-alanine-2-(1- 2-dipalmitoyl -sn-glycero-3-hydroxyphosphoryloxy)- ethylamine (CGP 10 19835A, referred to as MTP-PE), and RIBI, which contains three components extracted from bacteria, monophosphoryl lipid A, trehalose dimycolate and cell wall skeleton (MPL+TDM+CWS) in a 2% squalene/Tween 80 emulsion. The effectiveness of an adjuvant may be 15 determined by measuring the amount of antibodies directed against an immunogenic peptide containing an HCV antigenic sequence resulting from administration of this peptide in vaccines which are also comprised of the various adjuvants.

20 The vaccines are conventionally administered parenterally, by injection, for example, either subcutaneously or intramuscularly. Additional formulations which are suitable for other modes of administration include suppositories and, in some 25 cases, oral formulations. For suppositories, traditional binders and carriers may include, for example, polyalkylene glycols or triglycerides; such

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suppositories may be formed from mixtures containing the active ingredient in the range of 0/5% to 10%, preferably 1%-2%. Oral formulations include such normally employed excipients as, for example,

5 pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, cellulose, magnesium carbonate, and the like.

10 The examples below are provided for illustrative purposes and are not intended to limit the scope of the present invention.

I. Detection of HCV RNA from Serum

RNA was extracted from serum using guanidinium salt, phenol and chloroform according to the 15 instructions of the kit manufacturer (RNAzol™ B kit, Cinna/Bioteck). Extracted RNA was precipitated with isopropanol and washed with ethanol. A total of 25 µl serum was processed for RNA isolation, and the purified RNA was resuspended in 5 µl diethyl 20 pyrocarbonate treated water for subsequent cDNA synthesis.

II. cDNA Synthesis and Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) Amplification

25 Table 1 lists the sequence and position (with reference to HCV1) of all the PCR primers and probes used in these examples. Letter designations for

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nucleotides are consistent with 37 C.F.R. §§1.821-1.825. Thus, the letters A, C, G, T, and U are used in the ordinary sense of adenine, cytosine, guanine, thymine, and uracil. The letter M means A or C; R means A or G; W means A or T/U; S means C or G; Y means C or T/U; K means G or T/U; V means A or C or G, not T/U; H means A or C or T/U, not G; D means A or G or T/U, not C; B means C or G or T/U, not A; N means (A or C or G or T/U) or (unknown or other). Table 1 is set forth below:

Table 1

	Seq. No.	Sequence (5'-3')	Nucleotide Position
15	67	CAAACGTAACACCAACCGRCGCCACAGG	374-402
	68	ACAGAYCCGCAKAGRCCCCACG	1192-1169
	69	GCAACCTCGAGGTAGACGTCAAGCTATCCC	509-538
	70	GCAACCTCGTGGAAAGGCAGACAACCTATCCC	509-538
20	71	GTCACCAATGATTGCCCTAACTCGAGTATT	948-977
	72	GTCACGAACGACTGCTCCAACCTCAAG	948-973
	73	TGGACATGATCGCTGGWGCYCACTGGGG	1375-1402
	74	TGGAYATGGTGGYGGGGGCYCACTGGGG	1375-1402
25	75	ATGATGAACTGGTCVCCYAC	1308-1327
	76	ACCTTVGCCAGTTSCCRCCATGGA	1453-1428
	77	AACCCACTCTATGYCCGGYCAT	205-226
	78	GAATCGCTGGGTGACCG	171-188
	79	CCATGAATCACTCCCTGTGAGGAACTA	30-57
	80	TTGCGGGGGCACGCCAA	244-227

For cDNA synthesis and PCR amplification, a protocol developed by Perkin-Elmer/Cetus (GeneAmp® RNA PCR kit) was used. Both random hexamer and primers with specific complementary sequences to HCV were 5 employed to prime the reverse transcription (RT) reaction. All processes, except for adding and mixing reaction components, were performed in a thermal cycler (MJ Research, Inc.). The first strand cDNA synthesis reaction was inactivated at 99°C for 5 min, and then 10 cooled at 50°C for 5 min before adding reaction components for subsequent amplification. After an initial 5 cycles of 97°C for 1 min, 50°C for 2 min, and 72°C for 3 min, 30 cycles of 94°C for 1 min, 55°C for 2 min, and 72°C for 3 min followed, and then a final 15 min of elongation at 72°C.

For the genotyping analysis, sequences 67 and 68 were used as primers in the PCR reaction. These primers amplify a segment corresponding to the core and envelope regions. After amplification, the reaction 20 products were separated on an agarose gel and then transferred to a nylon membrane. The immobilized reaction products were allowed to hybridize with a ³²P-labelled nucleic acid corresponding to either Genotype I (core or envelope 1) or Genotype II (core or 25 envelope 1). Nucleic acid corresponding to Genotype I comprised sequences numbered 69 (core), 71 (envelope), and 73 (envelope). Nucleic acid corresponding to

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Genotype II comprised sequences numbered 70 (core), 72 (envelope), and 74 (envelope).

5 The Genotype I probes only hybridized to the product amplified from isolates which had Genotype I sequence. Similarly, Genotype II probes only hybridized to the product amplified from isolates which had Genotype II sequence.

10 In another experiment, PCR products were generated using sequences 79 and 80. The products were analyzed as described above except Sequence No. 73 was used to detect Genotype I, Sequence No. 74 was used to detect Genotype II, Sequence No. 77 (5'UT) was used to detect Genotype III, and Sequence No. 78 (5'UT) was used to detect Genotype IV. Each sequence hybridized in a 15 genotype specific manner.

III. Detection of HCV GI-GIV using a sandwich hybridization assay for HCV RNA

20 An amplified solution phase nucleic acid sandwich hybridization assay format is described in this example. The assay format employs several nucleic acid probes to effect capture and detection. A capture probe nucleic acid is capable of associating a complementary probe bound to a solid support and HCV 25 nucleic acid to effect capture. A detection probe nucleic acid has a first segment (A) that binds to HCV nucleic acid and a second segment (B) that hybridizes to a second amplifier nucleic acid.

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The amplifier nucleic acid has a first segment (B*) that hybridizes to segment (B) of the probe nucleic acid and also comprises fifteen iterations of a segment (C). Segment C of the amplifier nucleic acid is 5 capable of hybridizing to three labeled nucleic acids.

Nucleic acid sequences which correspond to nucleotide sequences of the envelope 1 gene of Group I HCV isolates are set forth in sequences numbered 81-99. Table 2 sets forth the area of the HCV genome 10 to which the nucleic acid sequences correspond and a preferred use of the sequences.

Table 2

15	Probe Type	Sequence No.	Complement of Nucleotide Numbers
<hr/>			
	Label	81	879-911
	Label	82	912-944
	Capture	83	945-977
20	Label	84	978-1010
	Label	85	1011-1043
	Label	86	1044-1076
	Label	87	1077-1109
	Capture	88	1110-1142
25	Label	89	1143-1175

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Table 2 continued

Probe Type	Sequence No.	Complement of Nucleotide Numbers
5		
Label	90	1176-1208
Label	91	1209-1241
Label	92	1242-1274
	93	1275-1307
10	Label	1308-1340
	94	
	Label	1341-1373
	95	
	Label	1374-1406
	96	
	Label	1407-1439
	97	
	Capture	1440-1472
	98	
15	Label	1473-1505
	99	

Nucleic acid sequences which correspond to nucleotide sequences of the envelope 1 gene of Group II HCV isolates are set forth in sequences 100-118. Table 20 3 sets forth the area of the HCV genome to which the nucleic acid corresponds and the preferred use of the sequences.

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Table 3

Probe Type	Sequence No.	Complement of Nucleotide Numbers
5		
	Label 100	879-911
	Label 101	912-944
	Capture 102	945-977
	Label 103	978-1010
10	Label 104	1011-1043
	Label 105	1044-1076
	Label 106	1077-1109
	Capture 107	1110-1142
	Label 108	1143-1175
15	Label 109	1176-1208
	Label 110	1209-1241
	Label 111	1242-1274
	Capture 112	1275-1307
	Label 113	1308-1340
20	Label 114	1341-1373
	Label 115	1374-1406
	Label 116	1407-1439
	Capture 117	1440-1472
	Label 118	1473-1505
25		
	Nucleic acid sequences which correspond to nucleotide sequences in the C gene and the 5'UT region	

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are set forth in sequences 119-145. Table 4 identifies the sequence with a preferred use.

Table 4

5

	Probe Type	Sequence No.
	Capture	119
	Label	120
10	Label	121
	Label	122
	Capture	123
	Label	124
	Label	125
15	Label	126
	Capture	127
	Label	128
	Label	129
	Label	130
20	Capture	131
	Label	132
	Label	133
	Label	134
	Label	135
25	Capture	136
	Label	137
	Label	138

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Table 4 continued

	Probe Type	Sequence No.
5	Label	139
	Capture	140
	Label	141
	Label	142
	Label	143
10	Capture	144
	Label	145

The detection and capture probe HCV-specific segments, and their respective names as used in this assay were as follows.

15 Capture sequences are sequences numbered 119-122 and 141-144.

Detection sequences are sequences numbered 119-140.

20 Each detection sequence contained, in addition to
the sequences substantially complementary to the HCV
sequences, a 5' extension (B) which extension (B) is
complementary to a segment of the second amplifier
nucleic acid. The extension (B) sequence is identified
in the Sequence Listing as Sequence No. 146, and is
25 reproduced below.

AGGCATAGGACCCGTGTCTT

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Each capture sequence contained, in addition to the sequences substantially complementary to HCV sequences, a sequence complementary to DNA bound to a solid phase. The sequence complementary to DNA bound to a solid support was carried downstream from the capture sequence. The sequence complementary to the DNA bound to the support is set forth as Sequence No. 147 and is reproduced below.

CTTCTTTGGAGAAAGTGGTG

10 Microtiter plates were prepared as follows. White Microlite 1 Removawell strips (polystyrene microtiter plates, 96 wells/plate) were purchased from Dynatech Inc.

15 Each well was filled with 200 μ l 1 N HCl and incubated at room temperature for 15-20 min. The plates were then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid. The wells were then filled with 200 μ l 1 N NaOH and incubated at room temperature for 15-20 min. The plates were again washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

20 25 Poly(phe-lys) was purchased from Sigma Chemicals, Inc. This polypeptide has a 1:1 molar ratio of phe:lys and an average m.w. of 47,900 gm/mole. It has an average length of 309 amino acids and contains 155 amines/mole. A 1 mg/ml solution of the polypeptide was mixed with 2M NaCl/1X PBS to a final concentration of

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0.1 mg/ml (pH 6.0). A volume of 200 μ l of this solution was added to each well. The plate was wrapped in plastic to prevent drying and incubated at 30°C overnight. The plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

5 The following procedure was used to couple the nucleic acid, a complementary sequence to Sequence No. 147, to the plates, hereinafter referred to as 10 immobilized nucleic acid. Synthesis of immobilized nucleic acid having a sequence complementary to 15 Sequence No. 133 was described in EPA 883096976. A quantity of 20 mg disuccinimidyl suberate was dissolved in 300 μ l dimethyl formamide (DMF). A quantity of 26 OD₂₆₀ units of immobilized nucleic acid was added to 20 100 μ l coupling buffer (50 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.8). The coupling mixture was then added to the DSS-DMF solution and stirred with a magnetic stirrer for 30 min. An NAP-25 column was equilibrated with 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5. The coupling mixture 25 DSS-DMF solution was added to 2 ml 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5, at 4°C. The mixture was vortexed to mix and loaded onto the equilibrated NAP-25 column. DSS-activated immobilized nucleic acid DNA was eluted from the column with 3.5 ml 10 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5. A quantity of 5.6 OD₂₆₀ units of eluted 30 DSS-activated immobilized nucleic acid DNA was added to 1500 ml 50 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.8. A volume of 50

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μl of this solution was added to each well and the plates were incubated overnight. The plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid.

5 Final stripping of plates was accomplished as follows. A volume of 200 μl of 0.2N NaOH containing 0.5% (w/v) SDS was added to each well. The plate was wrapped in plastic and incubated at 65°C for 60 min. The plate was then washed 4 times with 1X PBS and the wells aspirated to remove liquid. The stripped plate 10 was stored with desiccant beads at 2-8°C.

Serum samples to be assayed were analyzed using PCR followed by sequence analysis to determine the genotype.

15 Sample preparation consisted of delivering 50 μl of the serum sample and 150 μl P-K Buffer (2 mg/ml proteinase K in 53 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0/0.6 M NaCl/0.06 M sodium citrate/8 mM EDTA, pH 8.0/1.3%SDS/16μg/ml sonicated salmon sperm DNA/7% formamide/50 fmoles 20 capture probes/160 fmoles detection probes) to each well. Plates were agitated to mix the contents in the well, covered and incubated for 16 hr at 62°C.

25 After a further 10 minute period at room temperature, the contents of each well were aspirated to remove all fluid, and the wells washed 2X with washing buffer (0.1% SDS/0.015 M NaCl/ 0.0015 M sodium citrate). The amplifier nucleic acid was then added to

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each well (50 μ l of 0.7 fmole/ μ l solution in 0.48 M NaCl/0.048 M sodium citrate/0.1% SDS/0.5% "blocking reagent" (Boehringer Mannheim, catalog No. 1096 176)). After covering the plates and agitating to mix the 5 contents in the wells, the plates were incubated for 30 min. at 52°C.

After a further 10 min period at room temperature, the wells were washed as described above.

Alkaline phosphatase label nucleic acid, disclosed 10 in EP 883096976, was then added to each well (50 μ l/well of 2.66 fmole/ μ l). After incubation at 52°C for 15 min., and 10 min. at room temperature, the wells were washed twice as above and then 3X with 0.015 M NaCl/0.0015 M sodium citrate.

15 An enzyme-triggered dioxetane (Schaap et al., *Tet. Lett.* (1987) 28:1159-1162 and EPA Pub. No. 0254051), obtained from Lumigen, Inc., was employed. A quantity of 50 μ l Lumiphos 530 (Lumigen) was added to each well. The wells were tapped lightly so that the 20 reagent would fall to the bottom and gently swirled to distribute the reagent evenly over the bottom. The wells were covered and incubated at 37°C for 20-40 min.

Plates were then read on a Dynatech ML 1000 25 luminometer. Output was given as the full integral of the light produced during the reaction.

The assay positively detected each of the serum samples, regardless of genotype.

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IV. Expression of the Polypeptide Encoded in Sequences
Defined by Differing Genotypes

5 HCV polypeptides encoded by a sequence within sequences 1-66 are expressed as a fusion polypeptide with superoxide dismutase (SOD). A cDNA carrying such sequences is subcloned into the expression vector pSODcfl (Steimer et al. 1986)).

10 First, DNA isolated from pSODcfl is treated with BamHI and EcoRI, and the following linker was ligated into the linear DNA created by the restriction enzymes:

5 GAT CCT GGA ATT CTG ATA AGA

CCT TAA GAC TAT TTT AA 3

After cloning, the plasmid containing the insert is isolated.

15 Plasmid containing the insert is restricted with EcoRI. The HCV cDNA is ligated into this EcoRI linearized plasmid DNA. The DNA mixture is used to transform E. coli strain D1210 (Sadler et al. (1980)). Polypeptides are isolated on gels.

20

V. Antigenicity of Polypeptides

25 The antigenicity of polypeptides formed in Section IV is evaluated in the following manner. Polyethylene pins arranged on a block in an 8 12 array (Coselco Mimetopes, Victoria, Australia) are prepared by placing the pins in a bath (20% v/v piperidine in dimethylformamide (DMF)) for 30 minutes at room

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temperature. The pins are removed, washed in DMF for 5 minutes, then washed in methanol four times (2 min/wash). The pins are allowed to air dry for at least 10 minutes, then washed a final time in DMF (5Min). 5 1-Hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBr, 367 mg) is dissolved in DMF (80 μ L) for use in coupling Fmoc-protected polypeptides prepared in Section IV.

10 The protected amino acids are placed in micro-titer plate wells with HOBr, and the pin block placed over the plate, immersing the pins in the wells. The assembly is then sealed in a plastic bag and allowed to react at 25°C for 18 hours to couple the first amino acids to the pins. The block is then removed, and the pins washed with DMF (2 min.), MeOH (4 x, 2 min.), and again with DMF (2 min.) to clean and 15 deprotect the bound amino acids. The procedure is repeated for each additional amino acid coupled, until all octamers are prepared.

20 The free N-termini are then acetylated to compensate for the free amide, as most of the epitopes are not found at the N-terminus and thus would not have the associated positive charge. Acetylation is accomplished by filling the wells of a microtiter plate with DMF/acetic anhydride/triethylamine (5:2:1 v/v/v) 25 and allowing the pins to react in the wells for 90 minutes at 20°C. The pins are then washed with DMF (2

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min.) and MeOH (4 x, 2 min.), and air dried for at least 10 minutes.

5 The side chain protecting groups are removed by treating the pins with trifluoroacetic acid/phenol/dithioethane (95:2.5:1.5, v/v/v) in polypropylene bags for 4 hours at room temperature. The pins are then washed in dichloromethane (2 x, 2 min.), 5% di-isopropylethylamine/dichloromethane (2 x, 5 min.), dichloromethane (5 min.), and air-dried for at least 10 minutes. The pins are then washed in water (2 min.), MeOH (18 hours), dried in vacuo, and stored in sealed plastic bags over silica gel. IV.B.15.b Assay of Peptides.

10 Octamer-bearing pins are treated by sonicating for 15 30 minutes in a disruption buffer (1% sodium dodecylsulfate, 0.1% 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.1 M NaH2PO4) at 60°C. The pins are then immersed several times in water (60°C), followed by boiling MeOH (2 min.), and allowed to air dry.

20 The pins are then precoated for 1 hour at 25°C in microtiter wells containing 200 µL blocking buffer (1% ovalbumin, 1% BSA, 0.1% Tween, and 0.05% NaN3 in PBS), with agitation. The pins are then immersed in microtiter wells containing 175 µL antisera obtained 25 from human patients diagnosed as having HCV and allowed to incubate at 4°C overnight. The formation of a complex between polyclonal antibodies of the serum and

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the polypeptide initiates that the peptides give rise to an immune response in vivo. Such peptides are candidates for the development of vaccines.

Thus, this invention has been described and 5 illustrated. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that many variations and modifications can be made without departing from the purview of the appended claims and without departing from the teaching and scope of the present invention.

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SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

5 (i) APPLICANT: Tai-An Cha

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: HCV GENOMIC SEQUENCES
FOR DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPEUTICS

10 (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 147

(iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

(A) ADDRESSEE: Wolf, Greenfield & Sacks, P.C.

(B) STREET: 600 Atlantic Avenue

15 (C) CITY: Boston

(D) STATE: Massachusetts

(E) COUNTRY: USA

(F) ZIP: 02210

20 (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette, 5.25 inch

(B) COMPUTER: IBM compatible

(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS Version 3.3

(D) SOFTWARE: WordPerfect 5.1

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5 (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

- (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: Not Available
- (B) FILING DATE: Not Available
- (C) CLASSIFICATION: Not Available

5

10 (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

- (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: 07/697,326
- (B) FILING DATE: 8 May 1991

15 (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

- (A) NAME: Janiuk, Anthony J.
- (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,809
- (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: C0772/7000

15 (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

- (A) TELEPHONE: (617) 720-3500
- (B) TELEFAX: (617) 720-2441
- (C) TELEX: EZEKIEL

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5i21

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2

5	CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ACATCCGTAC GGAGGGAGGCA	40
	ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACCT GGACCCCCAA GCCCGCATGG	80
	CCATCAAGTC CCTCACTGAG AGGCTTTATG TCGGGGGCCC	120
	TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGGG AGAACTGCAG CTACCGCAGG	160
	TGCCCGCGCA GCGGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA	200
10	CCCTCACTTG CTACATCAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	240
	CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTTGT GTGTGGCGAC	280
	GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGTGCAGGG GTCCAGGAGG	320
	ACGCAGCGAG CCTGAGAGCC	340

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

	(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
20	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) individual isolate: ns5pt1

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3

CTCCACAGTC	ACTGAGAGCG	ACATCCGTAC	GGAGGGAGGCA	40
ATCTACCAAT	GTTGTGATCT	GGACCCCCAA	GCCCGCGTGG	80
5	CCATCAAGTC	CCTCACTGAG	AGGCTTTACG	120
TCTTACCAAT	TCAAGGGGGG	AGAACTGCGG	CTACCGCAGG	160
TGCCGGCGA	GCGGCGTACT	GACAACTAGC	TGTGGTAATA	200
CCCTCACTTG	CTACATCAAG	GCCCGGGCAG	CCTGTCGAGC	240
CGCAGGGCTC	CGGGACTGCA	CCATGCTCGT	GTGTGGTGAC	280
10	GACTTGGTCG	TTATCTGTGA	GAGTGCAGGGG	320
ACGCGGCGAG	CCTGAGAGCC			340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

15	(A) LENGTH:	340 nucleotides
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5gm2

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4

CTCTACAGTC	ACTGAGAACG	ACATCCGTAC	GGAGGGAGGCA	40
ATTTACCAAT	GTTGTGACCT	GGACCCCCAA	GCCCGCGTGG	80

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	CCATCAAGTC CCTCACTGAG AGGCTTTATG TTGGGGGCC	120
	CCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGGG AAAACTGCAG CTATGCAGG	160
	TGCCGCGCGA GCGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA	200
	CCCTCACTTG CTACATTAAG GCCCGGGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	240
5	CGCAGGGCTC CAGGACTGCA CCATGCTCGT GTGTGGCGAC	280
	GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGTGCAGGA GTCCAGGAGG	320
	ACGCGGCGAA CTTGAGAGCC	340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5

10

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

20 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5us17

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5

	CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAGCG ATATCCGTAC GGAGGGAGGCA	40
	ATCTACCACT GTTGTGACCT GGACCCCCAA GCCCGCGTGG	80
25	CCATCAAGTC CCTCACCGAG AGGCTTTATG TCGGGGGCC	120
	TCTTACCAAT TCAAGGGGGG AAAACTGCAG CTATGCAGG	160
	TGCCGCGCAA GCGCGTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA	200

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CCCTCACTTG	TTACATCAAG	GCCCAAGCAG	CCTGTCGAGC	240
CGCAGGGCTC	CGGGACTGCA	CCATGCTCGT	GTGTGGCGAC	280
GACTTAGTCG	TTATCTGTGA	AAGTCAGGGA	GTCCAGGAGG	320
ATGCAGCGAA	CCTGAGAGCC			340

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- 10 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5sp2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6

20	CTCTACAGTC	ACTGAGAGCG	ATATCCGTAC	GGAGGGAGGCA	40
	ATCTACCAAT	GTTGTGACCT	GGACCCCGAA	GCCCGTGTGG	80
	CCATCAAGTC	CCTCACTGAG	AGGCTTTATG	TTGGGGGCC	120
	TCTTACCAAT	TCAAGGGGGG	AGAACTGCAG	CTACCGCAGG	160
	TGCCGCGCAA	GCGGCGTA	GACGACTAGC	TGTGGTAATA	200
25	CCCTCACTTG	TTACATCAAG	GCCCAGGAGC	CCTGTCGAGC	240
	CGCAGGGCTC	CAGGACTGCA	CCATGCTCGT	GTGTGGCGAC	280

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GACCTAGTCG TTATCTGCGA AAGTGCGGGG GTCCAGGAGG	320
ACGCGGCGAG CCTGAGAGCC	340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 10 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5j1

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7

CTCCACAGTC ACTGAGAATG ACACCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA	40
ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAA GCCAGACAGG	80
20 CCATAAGGTC GCTCACAGAG CGGCTCTATG TCGGGGGTCC	120
TATGACTAAC TCCAAAGGGC AGAACTGCGG CTATGCCGG	160
TGCCGCGCGA CGGGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCGGTAATA	200
CCCTCACATG CTACCTGAAG GCCACAGCGG CCTGTCGAGC	240
TGCCAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GAACGGAGAC	280
25 GACCTTGTCA TTATCTGTGA AAGCGCGGGG AACCAAGAGG	320
ACGCGGCAAG CCTACGAGCC	340

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

5 (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5k1

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8

15	CTCAACGGTC ACTGAGAAATG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA	40
	ATTTACCAAA GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAG GCCAGACAAG	80
	CCATAAGGTC GCTCACAGAG CGGCTTTACA TCGGGGGCCC	120
	CCTGACTAAT TCAAAAGGGC AGAACTGCGG CTATGCCGA	160
	TGCCGCGCCA GCGGTGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCGGTAATA	200
20	CCCTCACATG TTACTTGAAG GCCACTGCGG CCTGTAGAGC	240
	TGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GTGCAGGAGAC	280
	GACCTTGTGCG TTATCTGTGA AAGCGCGGGA ACCCAGGAGG	320
	ATGCGGCGAG CCTACGAGTC	340

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 5 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5k1.1

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9

CTCAACGGTC	ACCGAGAATG	ACATCCGTGT	TGAGGGAGTCA	40
ATTATCAAT	GTTGTGCCCTT	GGCCCCCGAG	GCTAGACAGG	80
15 CCATAAGGTC	GCTCACAGAG	CGGCTTTATA	TCGGGGGCC	120
CCTGACCAAT	TCAAAGGGGC	AGAACTGCGG	TTATGCCGG	160
TGCCCGGCCA	GC GGCGTACT	GACGACCAGC	TGCGGTAATA	200
CCCTTACATG	TTACTTGAAG	GCCTCTGCAG	CCTGTCGAGC	240
CGCGAAGCTC	CAGGACTGCA	CGATGCTCGT	GTGTGGGAC	280
20 GACCTTGTCTG	TTATCTGTGA	AAGCGCGGGA	ACCCAGGAGG	320
ACGCGGCGAA	CCTACGAGTC			340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

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(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5gh6

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 10

10	CTCAACGGTC ACTGAGAGTG ACATCCGTGT CGAGGGAGTCG	40
	ATTTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAA GCCAGGCAGG	80
	CCATAAGGTC GCTCACCGAG CGACTTTATA TCGGGGGCCC	120
	CCTGACTAAT TCAAAAGGGC AGAACTGCAG TTATGCCGG	160
	TGCCGCGCGA GCGGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCGGTAATA	200
15	CCCTCACATG TTACTTGAAG GCCTCTGCAG CCTGTCGAGC	240
	TGCAAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGATGCTCGT GAACGGGGAC	280
	GACCTTGTAG TTATCTGCGA GAGCGCGGGGA ACCCAAGAGG	320
	ACGCGGCGAG CCTACGAGTC	340

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 11

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
25 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5spl

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 11

CTCCACAGTC	ACTGAGAGTG	ACATCCGTGT	TGAGGAGTCA	40
ATTTACCAAT	GTTGTGACTT	GGCCCCCGAA	GCCAGACAGG	80
CTATAAGGTC	GCTCACAGAG	CGGCTGTACA	TCGGGGGTCC	120
10 CCTGACTAAT	TCAAAAGGGC	AGAACTGCGG	CTATCGCCGG	160
TGCCCGCAA	GCGGCGTGCT	GACGACTAGC	TGCGGTAACA	200
CCCTCACATG	TTACTTGAAG	GCCTCTGCGG	CCTGTCGAGC	240
TGCGAAGCTC	CAGGACTGCA	CGATGCTCGT	GTGCGGTGAC	280
GACCTTGTG	TTATCTGTGA	GAGCGCGGGA	ACCCAAGAGG	320
15 ACGCGGCGAG	CCTACGAGTC			340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 12

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20

(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(C) individual isolate: ns5sp3

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 12

5	CTCAACAGTC ACTGAGAGTG ACATCCGTGT TGAGGAGTCA	40
	ATCTACCAAT GTTGTGACTT GGCCCCCGAA GCCAGACAGG	80
	CTATAAGGTC GCTCACAGAG CGGCTTTACA TCGGGGGTCC	120
	CCTGACTAAT TCAAAAGGGC AGAACTGCGG CTATGCCGG	160
	TGCCCGCGCAA GCGGCGTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCGGTAATA	200
10	CCCTCACATG TTACCTGAAG GCCAGTGCAGG CCTGTCGAGC	240
	TGCGAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CAATGCTCGT GTGCGGTGAC	280
	GACCTTGTGCG TTATCTGTGA GAGCGCGGGG ACCCAAGAGG	320
	ACGCGGCGAG CCTACGAGTC	340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 13

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 20 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5k2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 13

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	CTCAACCGTC ACTGAGAGAG ACATCAGAAC TGAGGAGTCC	40
	ATATACCGAG CCTGCTCCCT GCCTGAGGAG GCTCACATTG	80
	CCATACACTC GCTGACTGAG AGGCTCTACG TGGGAGGGCC	120
	CATGTTCAAC AGCAAGGGCC AGACCTGCGG GTACAGGGGT	160
5	TGCCGCGCCA GCAGGGTGCT CACCACTAGC ATGGGGAAACA	200
	CCATCACATG CTATGTAAGA GCCCTAGCGG CTTGCAAGGC	240
	TGCAGGGATA GTTGCACCCCT CAATGCTGGT ATGCGGGCAG	280
	GACTTAGTTG TCATCTCAGA AAGCCAGGGG ACTGAGGAGG	320
	ACGAGCGGAA CCTGAGAGCT	340

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 14

	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides	
15	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
20	(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:	
	(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5arg8	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 14	
25	CTCTACAGTC ACGTAAAAGG ACATCACATC CTAGGAGTCC	40
	ATCTACCACT CCTGTTCACT GCCCGAGGGAG GCTCGAACTG	80
	CTATACACTC ACTGACTGAG AGACTATACG TAGGGGGGCC	120

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	CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGCC AATCCTGC GG	GTACAGGC GT	160
	TGCCGCGCGA GCGCAGTGCT CACCA CACCAGC	ATGGGCAACA	200
	CACTCACGTG CTACGTAAA GCCAGGGCGG CGTGT AACGC		240
	CGCGGGGATT GTGCTCCCA CCATGCTGGT GTGCGGTGAC		280
5	GACCTGGT CG TCATCTCAGA GAGTCAAGGG GCTGAGGAGG		320
	ACGAGCAGAA CCTGAGAGTC		340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 15

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5i10

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 15

CTCTACAGTC ACAGAGAGGG ACATCAGAAC CGAGGAGTCC	40
ATCTATCTGT CCTGCTCACT GCCTGAGGAG GCCCGAACTG	80
CTATACACTC ACTGACTGAG AGACTGTACG TAGGGGGGCC	120
CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGC AATCCTGC GG	160
TGCCGCGCGA GCGCAGTGCT CACCA CACCAGC	200
CGCTCACGTG CTACGTAAA GCCAGAGCGG CGTGT AACGC	240

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CGCGGGCATT	GTTGCTCCCA	CCATGTTGGT	GTGCGGCGAC	280
GACCTGGTTG	TCATCTCAGA	GAGTCAGGGG	GTCGAGGAAG	320
ATGAGCGGAA	CCTGAGAGTC			340

5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 10 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5arg6

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 16

CTCTACAGTC	ACGGAGAGGG	ACATCAGAAC	CGAGGGAGTCC	40
20 ATCTATCTGT	CCTGTTCACT	GCCTGAGGAG	GCTCGAACTG	80
CCATACACTC	ACTGACTGAG	AGGCTGTACG	TAGGGGGGCC	120
CATGACAAAC	AGCAAAGGGC	AATCCTGCAG	GTACAGGCAGT	160
TGCCGCGCGA	GC GGAGTGCT	CACCACCAGC	ATGGGTAACA	200
CACTCACGTG	CTACGTAAA	GCTAAAGCGG	CATGTAACGC	240
25 CGCGGGCATT	GTTGCCCCCA	CCATGTTGGT	GTGCGGCGAC	280
GACCTAGTCG	TCATCTCAGA	GAGTCAGGGG	GTCGAGGAGG	320
ATGAGCGAAA	CCTGAGAGCT			340

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 17

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
5 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5k2b

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 17

15	CTCAACCGTC ACGGAGAGGG ACATAAGAAC AGAAGAATCC	40
	ATATATCAGG GTTGTTCCT GCCTCAGGAG GCTAGAACTG	80
	CTATCCACTC GCTCACTGAG AGACTCTACG TAGGAGGGCC	120
	CATGACAAAC AGCAAGGGAC AATCCTGCAG TTACAGGCCT	160
	TGCCCGGCCA GCAGGGTCTT CACCACCAGC ATGGGAAATA	200
20	CCATGACATG CTACATCAA GCCCTTGCAG CGTGCAGAAC	240
	TGCAGGGATC GTGGACCTA TCATGCTGGT GTGTGGAGAC	280
	GACCTGGTCG TCATCTCGGA GAGCGAAGGT AACGAGGAGG	320
	ACGAGCGAAA CCTGAGAGCT	340

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 18

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5sa283

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 18

40

CTCGACCGTT ACCGAACATG ACATAATGAC TGAAGAGTCT

80

ATTTACCAAT CATTGTACTT GCAGCCTGAG GCGCGTGTGG

120

CAATACGGTC ACTCACCCAA CGCCTGTACT GTGGAGGCCC

160

CATGTATAAC AGCAAGGGGC AACAAATGTGG TTATCGTAGA

200

TGCCCGGCCA GCGGCGTCTT CACCACTAGT ATGGGCAACA

240

CCATGACGTG CTACATTAAG GCTTTAGCCT CCTGTAGAGC

320

CGCAAAGCTC CAGGACTGCA CGCTCCTGGT GTGTGGTGAT

340

GATAAAGCGA CCTGAGAGCC

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 19

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20

25

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5sa156

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 19

CTCGACCGTT	ACCGAACATG	ACATAATGAC	TGAAGAGTCC	40	
ATTTACCAAT	CATTGTACTT	GCAGCCTGAG	GCACGCGCGG	80	
CAATAACGGTC	ACTCACCCAA	CGCCTGTACT	GTGGAGGGCCC	120	
10	CATGTATAAC	AGCAAGGGGC	AACAATGTGG	TTACCGTAGA	160
TGCCCGGCCA	GCGGCGTCTT	CACCACCACT	ATGGGCAACA	200	
CCATGACGTG	CTACATCAAG	GCTTCAGCCG	CCTGTAGAGC	240	
TGCAAAGCTC	CAGGACTGCA	CGCTCCTGGT	GTGTGGTGTG	280	
ACCTTGGTGG	CCATTTGCGA	GAGCCAAGGG	ACGCACGAGG	320	
15	ATGAAGCGTG	CCTGAGAGTC		340	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns511

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 20

5	CTCTACTGTC ACTGAAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGAG	40
	ATATACCACT GCTGTAACCT TGAACCGGAG GCCAGGAAAG	80
	TGATCTCCTC CCTCACGGAG CGGCTTACT GCGGGGGCC	120
	TATGTTCAAC AGCAAGGGGG CCCAGTGTGG TTATCGCCGT	160
	TGCCGTGCTA GTGGAGTCCT GCCTACCAGC TTCGGCAACA	200
10	CAATCACTTG TTACATCAAG GCTAGAGCAG CTTCGAAGGC	240
	CGCAGGCCTC CGGAACCCGG ACTTTCTTGT CTGCGGAGAT	280
	GATCTGGTCG TGGTGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCGACGAGG	320
	ATAGAGCAGC CCTGAGAGCC	340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 21

15

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 20 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

25

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns514

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 21

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	CTCGACTGTC ACTGAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGAG	40
	ATATACCAAT GCTGTAAACCT TGAACCGGAG GCCAGGAAAG	80
	TGATCTCCTC CCTCACGGAG CGGCTTTACT GCGGGGGCC	120
	TATGTTCAAT AGCAAGGGGG CCCAGTGTGG TTATGCCGT	160
5	TGCCGTGCTA GTGGAGTTCT GCCTACCAGC TTCGGCAACA	200
	CAATCACTTG TTACATCAAG GCTAGAGCGG CTGCGAAGGC	240
	CGCAGGGCTC CGGACCCCGG ACTTTCTCGT CTGCGGAGAT	280
	GATCTGGTTG TGGTGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCGACGAGG	320
	ATAGAACAGC CCTGCGAGCC	340

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 22

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 nucleotides
- 15 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ns5gh8

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 22

25	CTCAACTGTC ACTGAACAGG ACATCAGGGT GGAAGAGGAG	40
	ATATACCAAT GCTGTAAACCT TGAACCGGAG GCCAGGAAAG	80
	TGATCTCCTC CCTCACGGAA CGGCTTTACT GCGGGGGCC	120

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	TATGTTAAC AGCAAGGGGG CCCAGTGTGG TTATGCCGT	160
	TGCCGTGCCA GTGGAGTTCT GCCTACCAGC TTGGCAACA	200
	CAATCACTTG TTACATCAAA GCTAGAGCGG CTGCCGAAGC	240
	CGCAGGCCTC CGGAACCCGG ACTTTCTTGT CTGCCGAGAT	280
5	GATCTGGTTG TGGTGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCAATGAGG	320
	ATAGAGCAGC CCTGGGAGCC	340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 23

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE: (ATCC # 40394)

(c) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: hcvl

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 23

GACGGCGTTG	GTAATGGCTC	AGCTGCTCCG	GATCCCACAA	40
GCCATCTTGG	ACATGATCGC	TGGTGCTCAC	TGGGGAGTCC	80
TGGCGGGCAT	AGCGTATTTC			100

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 24

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
5 (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: US5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 24
GACGGCGTTG GTGGTAGCTC AGGTACTCCG GATCCCACAA 40
GCCATCATGG ACATGATCGC TGGAGCCCAC TGGGGAGTCC 80
15 TGGCGGGCAT AGCGTATTTC 100

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 25

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: AUS5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 25

AACGGCGCTG	GTAGTAGCTC	AGCTGCTCAG	GGTCCCGCAA	40
5	GCCATCGTGG	ACATGATCGC	TGGTGCCCAC	80
	TAGCGGGCAT	AGCGTATTT		100

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 26

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: US4

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 26

GACAGCCCTA	GTGGTATCGC	AGTTACTCCG	GATCCCACAA	40
	GCCGTATGG	ATATGGTGGC	GGGGGCCAC	80
	TGGCGGGCCT	TGCCTACTAT		100

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 27

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
5 (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ARG2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 27
15 AGCAGCCCTA GTGGTGTGCG AGTTACTCCG GATCCCACAA 40
AGCATCGTGG ACATGGTGGC GGGGGCCAC TGGGGAGTCC 80
15 TGGCGGGCCT TGCTTACTAT 100

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 28

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: I15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 28
5 GGCAGCCCTA GTGGTGTGCG AGTTACTCCG GATCCCGCAA 40
GCTGTCGTGG ACATGGTGGC GGGGGCCAC TGGGGAATCC 80
TAGCGGGTCT TGCCTACTAT 100

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 29

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GH8

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 29
TGTGGGTATG GTGGTGGCGC ACGTCCTGCG TTTGCCCAAG 40
ACCTTGTTCG ACATAATAGC CGGGGCCCAT TGGGGCATCT 80
TGGCGGGCTT GGCCTATTAC 100

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 30

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
5 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: I4

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 30

TGTGGGTATG GTGGTAGCAC ACGTCCTGCG TCTGCCAG 40

ACCTTGTTCG ACATAATAGC CGGGGCCAT TGGGGCATCT 80

15 TGGCAGGCCT AGCCTATTAC 100

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 31

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20 (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: I11

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 31

5	TGTGGGTATG GTGGTGGCGC AAGTCCTGCG TTTGCCAG	40
	ACCTTGGTCG ACGTGCTAGC CGGGGCCAT TGGGGCATCT	80
	TGGCGGGCCT GGCCTATTAC	100

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 32

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 100 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: I10

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 32

	TACCACTATG CTCCTGGCAT ACTTGGTGCG CATCCGGAG	40
	GTCATCCTGG ACATTATCAC GGGAGGACAC TGGGGCGTGA	80
	TGTTTGGCCT GGCTTATTTC	100

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 33

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 5 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE: (ATCC # 40394)

10 (c) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: hcvl

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 33

GTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC	40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
15 GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATCAACCC	120
GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCAAGACTG	160
CTAGCCGAGT AGT GTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTT GTGGTAC	200
TGCCTGATAG GGT GCTTGCG AGT GCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
AGACCGTGCA CC	252

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 34

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- 25 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: us5

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 34

GTAGTATGA	GTGTCGTGCA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCCTCC	40
CGGGAGAGCC	ATAGTGGTCT	GCGGAACCGG	TGAGTACACC	80
GGAATTGCCA	GGACGACCGG	GTCCTTCTT	GGATCAACCC	120
10 GCTCAATGCC	TGGAGATTG	GGCGTGCCCC	CGCAAGACTG	160
CTAGCCGAGT	AGTGTGGGT	CGCGAAAGGC	CTTGTGGTAC	200
TGCCTGATAG	GGTGCTTGCG	AGTGCCCCGG	GAGGTCTCGT	240
AGACCGTGCA	CC			252

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 35

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

20 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: aus1

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 35
5 GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC 40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC 120
GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCACGCCCG CGCAAGATCA 160
CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGTTGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC 200
TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 240
AGACCGTGCA CC 252

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 36

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
15 (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: sp2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 36
25 GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC 40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATAAAACCC 120
GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCACGCCCG CGCGAGACTG 160

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CTAGCCGAGT	AGTGTGGGT	CGCGAAAGGC	CTTGTGGTAC	200
TGCCTGATAG	GGTGCTTGCG	AGTGCCCCGG	GAGGTCTCGT	240
AGACCGTGCA	CC			252

5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 37

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 10 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: gm2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 37

GTTAGTATGA	GTGTCGTGCA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCCTCC	40
20 CGGGAGAGCC	ATAGTGGTCT	GCGGAACCGG	TGAGTACACC	80
CGGAATTGCCA	GGACGACCGG	GTCCTTCTT	GGATCAACCC	120
GCTCAATGCC	TGGAGATTTG	GGCGTGCCCC	CGCAAGACTG	160
CTAGCCGAGT	AGTGTGGGT	CGCGAAAGGC	CTTGTGGTAC	200
TGCCTGATAG	GGTGCTTGCG	AGTGCCCCGG	GAGGTCTCGT	240
25 AGACCGTGCA	CC			252

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 38

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 5 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: i21

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 38

GTAGTATGA	GTGTCGTGCA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCCTCC	40
CGGGAGAGCC	ATAGTGGTCT	GCGGAACCGG	TGAGTACACC	80
15 GGAATTGCCA	GGACGACCGG	GTCCTTCTT	GGATAAACCC	120
GCTCAATGCC	TGGAGATTG	GGCGTGCCCC	CGCAAGACTG	160
CTAGCCGAGT	AGTGTGCGGT	CGCGAAAGGC	CTTGTGGTAC	200
TGCCTGATAG	GGTGCTTGCG	AGTGCCCCGG	GAGGTCTCGT	240
AGACCGTGCA	CC			252

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 39

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- 25 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: us4

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 39

GTAGTATGA	GTGTCGTGCA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCCCTCC	40	
CGGGAGAGCC	ATAGTGGTCT	GCGGAACCGG	TGAGTACACC	80	
GGAATTGCCA	GGACGACCGG	GTCCTTCTT	GGATCAACCC	120	
10	GCTCAATGCC	TGGAGATTTG	GGCGTGCCCC	CGCGAGACTG	160
	CTAGCCGAGT	AGTGTGGGT	CGCGAAAGGC	CTTGTGGTAC	200
	TGCCTGATAG	GGTGCTTGCG	AGTGCCCCGG	GAGGTCTCGT	240
	AGACCGTGCA	CC			252

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 40

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

20 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: jhl

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 40
GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC 40
CAGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTCCTT GGATCAACCC 120
5 GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCGAGACTG 160
CTAGCCGAGT AGT GTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC 200
TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTGCG AGT GCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 240
AGACCGTGCA TC 252

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 41

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
15 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: nac5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 41
GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC 40
25 CAGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTCCTT GGATCAACCC 120
GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCGAGACTG 160

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CTAGCCGAGT	AGTGTGGGT	CGCGAAAGGC	CTTGTGGTAC	200
TGCCTGATAG	GGTGCTTGCG	AGTGCCCGG	GAGGTCTCGT	240
AGACCGTGCA	CC			252

5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 42

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

10 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: arg2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 42

GTTAGTATGA	GTGTCGTGCA	GCCTCCAGGA	CCCCCCCTCC	40
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CGGGAGAGCC	ATAGTGGTCT	GCAGAACCGG	TGAGTACACC	80
------------	------------	------------	------------	----

20 GGAATTGCCA	GGACGACCGG	GTCCTTCTT	GGATCAACCC	120
---------------	------------	-----------	------------	-----

GCTCAATGCC	TGGAGATTTG	GGCGTGCCCC	CGCGAGACTG	160
------------	------------	------------	------------	-----

CTAGCCGAGT	AGTGTGGGT	CGCGAAAGGC	CTTGTGGTAC	200
------------	-----------	------------	------------	-----

TGCCTGATAG	GGTGCTTGCG	AGTGCCCGG	GAGGTCTCGT	240
------------	------------	-----------	------------	-----

AGACCGTGCA	CC			252
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25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 43

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 5 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: spl

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 43

15	GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC	40
	CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
	GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC	120
	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCGAGACTG	160
	CTAGCCGAGT AGT GTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
	TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGT GCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
	AGACCGTGCA CC	252

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 44

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- 25 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ghl

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 44

GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC 40

CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80

GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC 120

10 GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGACTG 160

CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC 200

TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTGCG AGTGCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 240

AGACCGTGCA CC 252

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 45

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

20 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: 115

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 45

5	GTAGTATGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC	40
	CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
	GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCTTTCTT GGATCAACCC	120
	GCTCAATGCC TGGAGATTTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCGAGACTG	160
	CTAGCCGAGT AGT GTTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
	TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGT GCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
	AGACCGTGCA CC	252

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 46

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 15 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: i10

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 46
GCTAGTATCA GTGTCGTACA GCCTCCAGGC CCCCCCCTCC 40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
GGAATTGCCG GGAAGACTGG GTCCTTCTT GGATAAACCC 120
5 ACTCTATGCC CGGCCATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCAAGACTG 160
CTAGCCGAGT AGCGTTGGGT TGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC 200
TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGC CCGG GAGGTCTCGT 240
AGACCGTGCA TC 252

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 47

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
15 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: arg6

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 47
GTTAGTATGA GTCTCGTACA GCCTCCAGGC CCCCCCCTCC 40
25 CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
GGAATTGCTG GGAAGACTGG GTCCTTCTT GGATAAACCC 120
ACTCTATGCC CAGCCATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCAAGACTG 160

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CTAGCCGAGT AGCGTTGGGT TGCAGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC 200
TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 240
AGACCGTGCA TC 252

5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 48

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

10 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: s21

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 48

20 GTTAGTACGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CTCCCCCTCC 40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
GGAATCGCTG GGGTGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGAGCAACCC 120
GCTCAATACC CAGAAATTG GGC GTGCCCC CGCGAGATCA 160
CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC 200
TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT 240
25 AGACCGTGCA AC 252

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 49

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 252 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
5 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: gj61329

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 49

15	GTAGTACGA GTGTCGTGCA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC	40
	CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
	GGAATCGCTG GGGTGACCCGG GTCCCTTCCTT GGAGTAACCC	120
	GCTCAATACC CAGAAATTTG GCGGTGCCCG CGCGAGATCA	160
	CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT CGCGAAAGGC CTTGTGGTAC	200
20	TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGCG AGTGCCCGG GAGGTCTCGT	240
	AGACCGTGCA AC	252

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 50

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 180 nucleotides

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- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: sa3

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 50

10 GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGAACA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC 40
CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC 80
GGAATTGCCG GGATGACCGG GTCCTTCTT GGATAAACCC 120
GCTCAATGCC CGGAGATTG GGC GTGCCCG CGCGAGACTG 160
15 CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGTTGGGT 180

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 51

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 180 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: sa4

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 51

5	GTTAGTATGA GTGTCGAACA GCCTCCAGGA CCCCCCCTCC	40
	CGGGAGAGCC ATAGTGGTCT GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC	80
	GGAATTGCCG GGATGACCGG GTCCTTCCTT GGATAAACCC	120
	GCTCAATGCC CGGAGATTTG GGCGTGCCCC CGCGAGACTG	160
	CTAGCCGAGT AGTGTGGGT	180

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 52

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE: (ATCC # 40394)

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: hcvl

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 52

ATGAGCACGA	ATCCTAAACC	TCAAAAAAAA	AACAAACGTA	40	
ACACCAACCG	TCGCCCACAG	GACGTCAAGT	TCCCGGGTGG	80	
CGGTCAAGATC	GTTGGTGGAG	TTTACTTGT	GCCGCGCAGG	120	
5	GGCCCTAGAT	TGGGTGTGCG	CGCGACGAGA	AAGACTTCCG	160
AGCGGTCGCA	ACCTCGAGGT	AGACGTCAAG	CTATCCCCAA	200	
GGCTCGTCGG	CCCGAGGGCA	GGACCTGGGC	TCAGCCCCGG	240	
TACCCTTGGC	CCCTCTATGG	CAATGAGGGC	TGCGGGTGGG	280	
10	CGGGATGGCT	CCTGTCTCCC	CGTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGCTG	320
GGGCCACACA	GACCCCCGGC	GTAAGTCGCG	CAATTGGGT	360	
AAGGTACATCG	ATACCCTTAC	GTGCGGCTTC	GCCGACCTCA	400	
TGGGGTACAT	ACCGCTCGTC	GGCGCCCCCTC	TTGGAGGGCG	440	
TGCCAGGGCC	CTGGCGCATG	GCCTCCGGGT	TCTGGAAGAC	480	
GGCGTGAAC	ATGCAACAGG	GAACCTTCCT	GGTTGCTCTT	520	
15	TCTCTATCTT	CCTTCTGGCC	CTGCTCTCT	549	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 53

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20	(A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: us5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 53

5	ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA	40
	ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGTGG	80
	CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
	AGCGGTGCGCA ACCTCGAGGT AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCCAA	200
	GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
10	TACCCCTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT TGCGGGTGGG	280
	CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG	320
	GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTGCGC CAATTTGGGT	360
	AAGGTCAATCG ATACCCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCACA	400
	TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCTC TTGGAGGCAG	440
15	TGCCAGGGCT CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC	480
	GGCGTGAACAT ATGCAACAGG GAAACTTCCCT GGTTGCTCTT	520
	TCTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTCT	549

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 54

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(c) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: aus1

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 54
ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA 40
ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTTAAGT TCCCGGGTGG 80
CGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTG GCCGCGCAGG 120
GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG 160
10 AGCGGGTCGCA ACCTCGAGGT AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCTAA 200
GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 240
TACCCCTGGC CCCTCTATGG TAATGAGGGT TGCGGATGGG 280
CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCCCCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCCTAGTTG 320
GGGCCTACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTGCGC CAATTGGGT 360
15 AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTCAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCACA 400
TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTT GGCGCCCCCTC TTGGGGGGCGC 440
TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC 480
GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAATCTTCCT GGTTGCTCTT 520
TCTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCC CTTCTCTCT 549
20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 55

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25 (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

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(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(c) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: sp2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 55

	ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA	40
	ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGTGG	80
10	CGGTCAAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTGTT GCCCGCGCAGG	120
	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CACGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
	AGCGGTGCGCA ACCTCGAGGT AGACGTCAGC CCATCCCCAA	200
	GGCTCGTCGA CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
	TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGC TGCGGGTGGG	280
15	CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCCTAGCTG	320
	GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTGCGC CAATTGGGT	360
	AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
	TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCTC TTGGAGGCGC	440
	TGCCAGAGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC	480
20	GGCGTGAACAT ATGCAACAGG GAAACCTTCCC GGTTGCTCTT	520
	TCTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTCT	549

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 56

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

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(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: gm2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 56

10	ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAGA ACCAAACGTA	40
	ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGTGG	80
	CGGTCAAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTG GCCGCGCAGG	120
	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
	AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGAGGT AGACGTCAGC CTATCCCCAA	200
15	GGCACGTCGG CCCGAGGGTA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
	TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT TGCGGGTGGG	280
	CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC CGCGGCTCTC GGCCTAACTG	320
	GGGCCCCACA GACCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG CAATTGGGT	360
	AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
20	TGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCTC TTGGAGGCAG	440
	TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC	480
	GGCGTGAACAT ATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCTT GGTTGCTCTT	520
	TCTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTCT	549

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 57

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: i21

10 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 57
ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA 40
ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGTGG 80
CGGTAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTGTT GCCGCGCAGG 120
GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAGACTTCCG 160
15 AGCGGTTCGCA ACCTCGTGGT AGACGCCAGC CTATCCCCAA 200
GGCGCGTCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGACCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG 240
TACCCCTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT TGCGGGTGGG 280
CGGGATGGCT CCTGTCTCCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG 320
GGGCCTTACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTTCGCG CAATTTGGGT 360
20 AAGGTCACTCG ATACCCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA 400
TGGGGTACAT ACCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCTC TTGGAGGCGC 440
TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAAGAC 480
GGCGTGAACG ATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCT GGTTGCTCTT 520
TTTCTATTTT CCTTCTGGCC CTGCTCTCT 549

25

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 58

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

5 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: us4

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 58

ATGAGCACGA	ATCCTAAACC	TCAAAGAAAA	ACCAAACGTA	40
ACACCAACCG	CCGCCACAG	GACGTTAAGT	TCCCGGGCGG	80
15 TGGCCAGGTC	GTTGGTGGAG	TTTACCTGTT	GCCGCGCAGG	120
GGCCCCAGGT	TGGGTGTGCG	CGCGACTAGG	AAGACTTCCG	160
AGCGGTGCGA	ACCTCGTGGA	AGGCGACAAC	CTATCCCCAA	200
GGCTCGCCAG	CCCGAGGGCA	GGGCCTGGGC	TCAGCCCAGG	240
TACCCCTTGGC	CCCTCTATGG	CAATGAGGGT	ATGGGGTGGG	280
20 CAGGATGGCT	CCTGTACACC	CGTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGTTG	320
GGGCCCCACG	GACCCCCGGC	GTAGGTCGCG	TAATTTGGGT	360
AAGGTCATCG	ATACCCTCAC	ATGCGGCTTC	GCCGACCTCA	400
TGGGGTACAT	TCCGCTCGTC	GGCGCCCCCC	TTAGGGGCGC	440
TGCCAGGGCC	TTGGCGCATG	GCCTCCGGGT	TCTGGAGGAC	480
25 GGCCTGAACT	ACGCAACAGG	GAATCTGCC	GGTTGCTCCT	520
TTTCTATCTT	CCTCTTGGCT	CTGCTGTCC		549

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 59

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- 5 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: jhl

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 59

15	ATGAGCACAA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA	40
	ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGGCGG	80
	TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
	GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
	AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA	200
20	GGCTCGCCAG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
	TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAACGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG	280
	CAGGATGGCT CCTGTACCCC CGTGGCTCTC GGCCTAGTTG	320
	GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTGCG TAATTGGGT	360
	AAGGTACATCG ATACCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
25	TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTTGTGTC GGCAGCCCCCCC TAGGGGGCGC	440
	TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCACATG GTGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	480
	GGCGTGAACG ATGCAACAGG GAATTTGCCCGGTTGCTCTT	520

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TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT CTGCTGTCC

549

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 60

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: nac5

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 60

ATGAGCACAA	ATCCTAAACC	CCAAAGAAAA	ACCAAAACGTA	40	
ACACCAACCG	TCGCCACAG	GACGTCAAGT	TCCCAGGGCGG	80	
TGGTCAGATC	GTTGGTGGAG	TTTACCTGTT	GCCGCGCAGG	120	
20	GGCCCCAGGT	TGGGTGTGCG	CGCGACTAGG	160	
AGCGGGTCGCA	ACCTCGTGGA	AGGCGACAAAC	CTATCCCCAA	200	
GGCTCGCCGG	CCCGAGGGCA	GGTCCTGGGC	TCAGCCCGGG	240	
TACCCATTGGC	CCCTCTATGG	CAACGAGGGT	ATGGGGTGGG	280	
CAGGATGGCT	CCTGTCACCC	CGCGGCTCCC	GGCCTAGTTG	320	
25	GGGCCCCACG	GACCCCGGGC	GTAGGTGCG	TAATTGGGT	360
AAGGTATCG	ATACCCTCAC	ATGCGGCTTC	GCCGACCTCA	400	

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	TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCC TAGGGGGCGC	440
	TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCACATG GTGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	480
	GGCGTGAACAT ATGCAACAGG GAATTTGCCT GGTTGCTCTT	520
	TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT CTGCTGTCC	549

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 61

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 10 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: arg2

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 61

	ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA	40
20	ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGGCGG	80
	TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
	GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
	AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA	200
	GGCTCGCCAG CCCGAGGGTA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCGGG	240
25	TACCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG	280
	CAGGGTGGCT CCTGTCCCCC CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG	320

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	GGGCCCCACA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTTGGGT	360
	AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
	TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCCC TAGGGGGCGC	440
	TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	480
5	GGCGTGAACAT ATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCC GGTTGCTCTT	520
	CTCTCTATCTTC CCTCTTCCCT TTGCTGTGCC	549

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 62

10 (i) . . SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: spl

20	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 62	
	ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA	40
	ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAGT TCCCGGGCGG	80
	TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
	GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
25	AGCGGTGCGCA ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA	200
	GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCCGG	240
	TATCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT CTGGGGTGGG	280

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	CAGGATGGCT CCTGTCACCC CGCGGCTCTC GGCCTAGCTG	320
	GGGCCCTACC GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTGCG CAACTTGGGT	360
	AAGGTATCG ATACCCTTAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
	TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCC TTAGGGGCGC	440
5	TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	480
	GGCGTGAACAT ATGCAACAGG GAATTTGCCG GGTGCTCTT	520
	TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT TTGCTGTCC	549

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 63

10

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

15

- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

20

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ghl

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 63

	ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAACGTA	40
	ACACCAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG	80
25	TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACTTGTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120
	GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
	AGCGGTGCA ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAAC CTATCCCCAA	200

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	GGCTCGCCGG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGGC TCAGCCCCGGG	240
	TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG	280
	CAGGATGGCT CCTGTACCC CGTGGTTCTC GCCCTAGTTG	320
	GGGCCCCACG GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTGCGC CAATTGGGT	360
5	AAGATCATCG ATACCCTCAC GTGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
	TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC GGC GCCCCCCC TAGGGGGCGC	440
	TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	480
	GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCCG GGTTGCTCCT	520
	TTTCTATCTT CCTTCTGGCT TTGCTGTCC	549

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 64

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- 15 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: i15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 64

25	ATGAGCACGA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAAGAAAA ACCAAACGTA	40
	ACACCAACCG CCGCCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCAGGGCGG	80
	TGGTCAGATC GTTGGTGGAG TTTACCTGTT GCCGCGCAGG	120

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	GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCCG	160
	AGCGGTCGCA ACCTCGTGGA AGGCGACAAC CTATCCCCAA	200
	GGCTCGCCAG CCCGAGGGCA GGGCCTGGC TCAGCCCCGG	240
	TACCCCTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG	280
5	CAGGATGGCT CCTGTCACCC CGCGGCTCCC GGCCTAGTTG	320
	GGGCCCCAAA GACCCCCGGC GTAGGTCGCG TAATTGGGT	360
	AAGGTCACTCG ATACCCTCAC ATGCGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA	400
	TGGGGTACAT TCCGCTCGTC GGCGCCCCCT TAGGGGGCGC	440
	TGCCAGGGCC CTGGCGCATG GCGTCCGGGT TCTGGAGGAC	480
10	GGCGTGAACT ATGCAACAGG GAATCTACCC GGTTGCTCTT	520
	TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT TTGCTGTCC	549

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 65

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 549 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: i10

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 65
ATGAGCACAA ATCCTAAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAAAGAA 40

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	ACACTAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG	80
	TGGCCAGATC GTTGGCGGAG TATACTTGCT GCCGCGCAGG	120
	GGCCCGAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAAACTTCCG	160
	AACGATCCCA GCCACGCGGA AGGCGTCAGC CCATCCCTAA	200
5	AGATCGTCGC ACCGCTGGCA AGTCCTGGGG AAGGCCAGGA	240
	TATCCTTGGC CCCTGTATGG GAATGAGGGT CTCGGCTGGG	280
	CAGGGTGGCT CCTGTCCCCC CGTGGCTCTC GCCCTTCATG	320
	GGGCCCCACT GACCCCCGGC ATAGATCGCG CAACTTGGGT	360
	AAGGTCATCG ATACCCTAAC GTGCGGTTT GCCGACCTCA	400
10	TGGGGTACAT TCCCGTCATC GGCGCCCCCG TTGGAGGC GT	440
	TGCCAGAGCT CTCGCCACG GAGTGAGGGT TCTGGAGGAT	480
	GGGGTAAATT ATGCAACAGG GAATTTGCCG GGTTGCTCTT	520
	TCTCTATCTT TCTCTTAGCC CTCTTGTCT	549

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 66

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 510 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

20 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: arg6

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 66
ATGAGCACAA ATCCTCAACC TCAAAGAAAA ACCAAAAGAA 40
ACACTAACCG CCGCCCACAG GACGTCAAGT TCCCGGGCGG 80
TGGTCAGATC GTTGGCGGAG TATACTTGTT GCCGCGCAGG 120
5 GGCCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAAACTTCCG 160
AACGGTCCA GCCACGTGGG AGGCGCCAGC CCATCCCCAA 200
AGATCGGCAGC ACCACTGGCA AGTCCTGGGG GAAGCCAGGA 240
TACCCCTTGGC CCCTGTATGG GAATGAGGGT CTCGGCTGGG 280
CAGGGTGGCT CCTGTCCCCC CGCGGTTCTC GCCCTTCATG 320
10 GGGCCCCACT GACCCCCGGC ATAGATCACG CAACTTGGGT 360
AAGGTACATCG ATACCTAAC GTGTGGTTT GCCGACCTCA 400
TGGGGTACAT TCCCCTCGGT GGTGCCCCCG TTGGTGGTGT 440
CGCCAGAGCC CTTGCCCATG GGGTGAGGGT TCTGGAAGAC 480
GGGATAAATT ATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCC 510

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 67

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20 (A) LENGTH: 29 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 67

CAAACGTAAC ACCAACCGRC GCCCACAGG 29

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 68

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 24 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 68

ACAGAYCCGC AKAGRCC CACG

24

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 69

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 30 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 69

CGAACCTCGA GGTAGACGTC AGCCTATCCC

30

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 70

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 30 nucleotides
- 5 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 70

GCAACCTCGT GGAAGGCGAC AACCTATCCC

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 71

15

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 30 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 20 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 71

GTCACCAATG ATTGCCCTAA CTCGAGTATT

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 72

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 26 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 5 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 72
GTCACGAACG ACTGCTCCAA CTCAAG

26

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 73

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 28 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 73
TGGACATGAT CGCTGGWGCY CACTGGGG

28

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 74

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 28 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 5 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 74

10 TGGAYATGGT GGYGGGGGCG CACTGGGG

28

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 75

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 15 (A) LENGTH: 20 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 75

ATGATGAACT GGTCVCCYAC

20

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 76

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 26 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 76

ACCTTVGCCCGTCCAGTTSCCCRCATGGA

26

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 77

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 22 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 77

AACCCACTCTATGYCCGGYCAT

22

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 78

25

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 18 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

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(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 78

GAATCGCTGG GGTGACCG

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 79

10

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 28 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

15

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 75

CCATGAATCA CTCCCCGTG AGGAACTA

28

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 80

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 18 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

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(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 80

TTGCGGGGGC ACGCCCAA

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 81

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 81

YGAAGCGGGC ACAGTCARRC AAGARAGCAG GGC

33

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 82

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

25 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

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(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 82

RTARAGCCY GWGGAGTTGC GCACTTGGTR GGC 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 83

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 83

RATACTCGAG TTAGGGCAAT CATTGGTGAC RTG 33

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 84

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

25 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- 120 -

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 84

AGYRTGCAGG ATGGYATCRK BCGYCTCGTA CAC 33

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 85

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

10 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 85

GTTRCCCTCR CGAACGCAAG GGACRCACCC CGG 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 86

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 86

CGTRGGGGTY AYCGCCACCC AACACCTCGA GRC 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 87

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 87

15 CGTYGYGGGG AGTTTGCCT CCCTGGTGGC YAC 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 88

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 88

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CCCGACAAGC AGATCGATGT GACGTCGAAG CTG 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 89

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 89

CCCCACGTAG ARGGCCGARC AGAGRGTGGC GCY 33

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 90

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 90

YTGRCCGACA AGAAAGACAG ACCCGCAYAR GTC 33

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 91

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 91

CGTCCAGTGG YGCCTGGGAG AGAAGGTGAA CAG 33

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 92

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 92

GCCGGGATAG ATRGARCAAT TGCARYCTTG CGT 33

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 93

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 93

CATATCCCAT GCCATGCGGT GACCCGTTAY ATG

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 94

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 94

25 YACCAAYGCC GTCGTAGGGG ACCARTTCAT CAT

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 95

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 5 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 95
10 GATGGCTTGT GGGATCCGGA GYASCTGAGC YAY 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 96

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 96
GACTCCCCAG TGRGCWCCAG CGATCATRTC CAW 33

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 97

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 97

CCCCACCATG GAGAAATACG CTATGCCCGC YAG

33

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 98

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 98

TAGYAGCAGY ACTACYARGA CCTTCGCCCA GTT

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 99

25

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

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(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 99

GSTGACGTGR GTKTCYGCCT CRACGCCGGC RAA 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 100

10

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

15

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 100

GGAAGYTGGG ATGGTYARRC ARGASAGCAR AGC 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 101

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

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(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 101

GTAYAYYCCG GACRCGTTGC GCACTTCRTA AGC

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 102

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 102

AATRCTTGMG TTGGAGCART CGTTYGTGAC ATG

33

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 103

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

25 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 103

RGYRTGCATG ATCAYGTCCG YYGCCTCATA CAC

33

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 104

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

10

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 104

RTTGTYYTCC CGRACGCARG GCACGCACCC RGG

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 105

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 105

CGTGGGRGTS AGCGCYACCC AGCARCGGGA GSW

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 106

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

10

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 106

15

YGTRGTGGGG AYGCTGKHRT TCCTGGCCGC VAR

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 107

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 107

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CCCRACGAGC AARTCGACRT GRCGTCGTAW TGT

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 108

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 108

YCCCACGTAC ATAGCSGAMS AGARRGYAGC CGY

33

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 109

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 109

CTGGGAGAYR AGRAAAACAG ATCCGCARAG RTC

33

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 110

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 110

YGTCTCRTGC CGGCCAGSBG AGAAGGTGAA YAG

33

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 111

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 111

GCCGGGATAG AKKGAGCART TGCAGTCCTG YAC

33

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 112

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- 5 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 112

CATATCCCAA GCCATRCGRT GGCCTGAYAC CTG 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 113

15

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- 20 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 113

CACTARGGCT GYYGTRGGYG ACCAGTTCAT CAT 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 114

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 5 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 114

10 GACRGCTTGT GGGATCCGGA GTAACTGCGA YAC

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 115

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 15 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 115

GACTCCCCAG TGRGCCCG CCACCATRTC CAT

33

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 116

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 116
SCCCACCATG GAWWAGTAGG CAAGGCCGC YAG

33

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 117

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 117
GAGTAGCATC ACAATCAADA CCTTAGCCCA GTT

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 118

- 25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

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(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 118

YGWCRYGYRG GTRTKCCCGT CAACGCCGGC AAA

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 119

10

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
15 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 119

20

TCCTCACAGG GGAGTGATTG ATGGTGGAGT GTC

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 120

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

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(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 120

ATGGCTAGAC GCTTTCTGCG TGAAGACAGT AGT

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 121

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 121

GCCTGGAGGC TGCACGRCAC TCATACTAAC GCC

33

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 122

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

25 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 122

CGCAGACCAAC TATGGCTCTY CCGGGAGGGG GGG

33

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 123

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 123

TCRTCCYGGC AATTCCGGTG TACTCACCGG TTC

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 124

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 124

GCATIGAGCG GGTTDATCCA AGAAAGGACC CGG

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 125

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

10 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 125

15 AGCAGTCTYG CGGGGGCACG CCCAARTCTC CAG

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 126

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 126

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ACAAGGCCTT TCGCGACCCA ACAC TACTCG GCT

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 127

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 127

GGGGCACTCG CAAGCACCCCT ATCAGGCAGT ACC

33

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 128

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 128

5 YGTGCTCATG RTGCACGGTC TACGAGACCT CCC 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 129

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 129

GTTACGTTG KTYTYYTTT GRGGTTTRGG AWT 33

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 130

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 130

CGGGAACTTR ACGTCCTGTG GGCGRCGGTT GGT 33

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 131

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

10

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 131

CARGTAAACT CCACCRACGA TCTGRCCRCC RCC 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 132

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

25

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 132
RCGCACACCC AAYCTRGGGC CCCTGCGCGG CAA 33

5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 133

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
10 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 133
AGGTTGCGAC CGCTCGGAAG TCTTYCTRGT CGC 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 134

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 134

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RCGHRCCTTG GGGATAGGCT GACGTCWACC TCG

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 135

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 135
RCGHRCCTTG GGGATAGGTT GTGCCWTCC ACG

33

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 136

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
20 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 136
YCCRGGGCTGR GCCCAGRYCC TRCCCTCGGR YYG

33

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 137

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 137

BSHRCCCTCR TTRCCRTAGA GGGGCCADGG RTA 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 138

15

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 138

GCCRGGGGW GACAGGAGCC ATCCYGCCA CCC 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 139

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- 5 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

10 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 139

CCGGGGGGTCY GTGGGGCCCC AYCTAGGCCG RGA

33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 140

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 15 (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 140

ATCGATGACC TTACCCAART TRCGCGACCT RCG

33

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 141

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 141

CCCCATGAGR TCGGCGAAC CGCAYGTRAG GGT 33

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 142

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 142

GCCYCCWARR GGGGCGCCGA CGAGCGGWAT RTA 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 143

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

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- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 143
AACCCGGACR CCRTGYGCCA RGGCCCTGGC AGC 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 144

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 144

RTTCCCTGTT GCATAGTTCA CGCCGTCYTC CAG 33

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 145

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 33 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 145
5 CARRAGGAAG AKAGAGAAAG AGCAACCRGG MAR 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 146

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
10 (A) LENGTH: 20 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 146
AGGCATAGGA CCCGTGTCTT 20

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 147

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
25 (A) LENGTH: 20 nucleotides
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 147
CTTCTTTGGA GAAAGTGGTG 20

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CLAIMS

1. As a composition of matter, a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence of eight or more nucleotides corresponding to a nucleotide sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome.
2. The composition of claim 1 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome is selected from the regions consisting of the NS5 region, envelope 1 region, 5'UT region, and the core region.
3. The composition of claim 1 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a sequence in the NS5 region.
4. The composition of claim 3 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 2-22.

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5. The composition of claim 1 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a sequence in the envelope 1 region.

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6. The composition of claim 5 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a sequence within sequence numbers 24-32.

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7. The composition of claim 1 wherein at least one sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a sequence in the 5'UT region.

15

8. The composition of claim 7 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a sequence within sequences numbered 34-51.

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9. The composition of claim 1 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a sequence in the core region.

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10. The composition of claim 9 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence within the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a within sequences numbered 53-66.

5

11. The composition of claim 1 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a nucleotide sequence corresponding to one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus.

10

12. The composition of claim 11 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a first genotype which first genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 1-6 in the NS5 region, 23-25 in the envelope 1 region, 33-38 in the 5'UT region, and 52-57 in the core region.

13. The composition of claim 11 wherein said 20 non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a second genotype which second genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 7-12 in the NS5 region, 26-28 in the envelope 1 region, 39-45 in the 5'UT region, and 58-64 in the 25 core region.

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14. The composition of claim 11 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a third genotype which third genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 13-17 in the NS5 region, 32 in the envelope 1 region, 46-47 in the 5'UT region and 65-66 in the core region.

5

15. The composition of claim 11 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a fourth genotype which fourth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 20-22 in the NS5 region, 29-31 in the envelope 1 region and 48-49 in the 5'UT region.

10

16. The composition of claim 11 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a fifth genotype which fifth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 18-19 in the NS5 region and 50-51 in the 5'UT region.

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17. The composition of claim 1 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid is capable of priming a reaction for the synthesis of nucleic acid to form a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence corresponding to hepatitis C virus.

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18. The composition of claim 1 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has label means for detecting a hybridization product.
- 5 19. The composition of claim 1 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has support means for separating a hybridization product from solution.
- 10 20. The composition of claim 1 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid prevents the transcription or translation of viral nucleic acid.
- 15 21. A method of forming a hybridization product with a hepatitis C virus nucleic acid comprising the following steps:
 - a. placing a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence of eight or more nucleotides corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence in the hepatitis C viral genome into conditions in which hybridization conditions can be imposed said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid capable of forming a hybridization product with said hepatitis C virus nucleic acid under hybridization conditions; and
- 20
- 25

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b. imposing hybridization conditions to form a hybridization product in the presence of hepatitis C virus nucleic acid.

5 22. The method of claim 21 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponding to a non-HCV-1 sequence in the hepatitis C virus genome corresponds to a sequence within at least one of the regions consisting essentially of NS5 region, envelope 1 region, 5'UT region, and the core region.

10 23. The method of claim 21 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence corresponds to a sequence within the NS5 region.

15

24. The method of claim 23 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence corresponds to a sequence within sequences numbered 2-22.

20

25. The method of claim 21 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence corresponds to a sequence within the envelope 1 region.

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26. The method of claim 25 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 24-32.

5

27. The method of claim 21 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence corresponding to a sequence within the 5'UT region.

10

28. The method of claim 27 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 34-51.

15

29. The method of claim 21 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence corresponding to a sequence within the core region.

20

30. The method of claim 29 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 sequence selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 53-66.

25

31. The method of claim 21 wherein said nucleotide sequence corresponds to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence corresponding to one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus.

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32. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a first genotype which first genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 1-6 in the 5 NS5 region, 23-25 in the envelope 1 region, 33-38 in the 5'UT region, and 52-57 in the core region.
33. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to 10 a sequence of a second genotype which second genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 7-12 in the NS5 region, 26-28 in the envelope 1 region, 39-45 in the 5'UT region, and 58-64 in the core region.
34. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to 15 a sequence of a third genotype which third genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 13-17 in the NS5 region, 32 in the envelope 1 region, 46-47 in the 5'UT region and 65-66 in the core region.
35. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to 20 a sequence of a fourth genotype which fourth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 20-22 in the NS5 region, 29-31 in the envelope 1 region and 48-49 in the 5'UT region.

36. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a fifth genotype which fifth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 18-19 in 5 the NS5 region and 50-51 in the 5'UT region.

37. The method of claim 21 wherein said hybridization product is capable of priming a reaction for the synthesis of nucleic acid.

10 38. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has label means for detecting a hybridization product.

15 39. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has support means for separating the hybridization product from solution.

20 40. The method of claim 21 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid prevents the transcription or translation of viral nucleic acid.

25 41. As a composition of matter, a non-naturally occurring polypeptide corresponding to a non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence of nine or more nucleotides which sequence of nine or more nucleotides corresponds to a sequence within hepatitis C virus genomic sequences.

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42. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from one of the regions consisting of NS5 region, envelope 1 region, and the core region.

5 43. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence corresponds to a sequence in the NS5 region.

10 44. The composition of claim 43 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 2-22.

15 45. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence corresponds to a sequence in the envelope 1 region.

46. The composition of claim 45 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 24-32.

20 47. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence corresponds to a sequence in the core region.

25 48. The composition of claim 47 wherein said non-HCV-1 sequence is selected from a sequence within sequences numbered 52-66.

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49. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a nucleotide sequence corresponding to one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus.

5

50. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a first genotype which first genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 1-6 in the 10 NS5 region, 23-25 in the envelope 1 region, and 52-57 in the core region.

51. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence corresponding to a 15 sequence of a second genotype which second genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 7-12 in the NS5 region, 26-28 in the envelope 1 region, and 58-64 in the core region.

20 52. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a third genotype which third genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 13-17 in the NS5 region, 32 in the envelope 1 region, and 65-66 25 in the core region.

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53. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a fourth genotype which fourth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 20-22 in 5 the NS5 region, 29-31 in the envelope 1 region and 48-49 in the 5'UT region.

54. The composition of claim 41 wherein said non-HCV-1 nucleotide sequence has a sequence corresponding to a 10 sequence of a fifth genotype which fifth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 18-19 in the NS5 region and 50-51 in the 5'UT region.

55. The composition of claim 41 wherein said 15 polypeptide is capable of generating an immune reaction in a host.

56. An antibody capable of selectively binding to the composition of claim 41.

20 57. A method of detecting one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus comprising the following steps:
a) placing a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence of eight or more 25 nucleotides corresponding to one or more genotypes of hepatitis C virus under conditions where hybridization conditions can be imposed,

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b) imposing hybridization conditions to form a hybridization product in the presence of hepatitis C virus nucleic acid; and

5 c) monitoring the non-naturally occurring nucleic acid for the formation of a hybridization product, which hybridization product is indicative of the presence of the genotype of hepatitis C virus.

10 58. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a first genotype which first genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 1-6 in the NS5 region, 23-25 in the envelope 1 region, 33-38 in the 5'UT region, and 52-57 in the core region.

15 59. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a second genotype which second genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 7-12 in the NS5 region, 26-28 in the envelope 1 region, 39-45 in the 5'UT region, and 58-64 in the core region.

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60. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a third genotype which third genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 13-17 in 5 the NS5 region, 32 in the envelope 1 region, 46-47 in the 5'UT region and 65-66 in the core region.

61. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to 10 a sequence of a fourth genotype which fourth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 20-22 in the NS5 region, 29-31 in the envelope 1 region and 48-49 in the 5'UT region.

15 62. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence of a fifth genotype which fifth genotype is defined substantially by sequences numbered 18-19 in the NS5 region.

20 63. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence numbered 67-145.

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64. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence numbered 69, 71, 73 and 81-99 to identify Group I genotypes in the core and region of the HCV genome.

10 65. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence numbered 70, 72, 70 and 100-118 to identify Group II genotypes in the core and envelope regions of the HCV genome.

15 66. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence corresponding to a sequence numbered 77 to identify Group III genotypes in the 5' UT region of the HCV genome.

20 67. The method of claim 57 wherein said non-naturally occurring nucleic acid has a sequence numbered 79 to identify Group IV genotypes in the 5' UT region of the HCV genome.

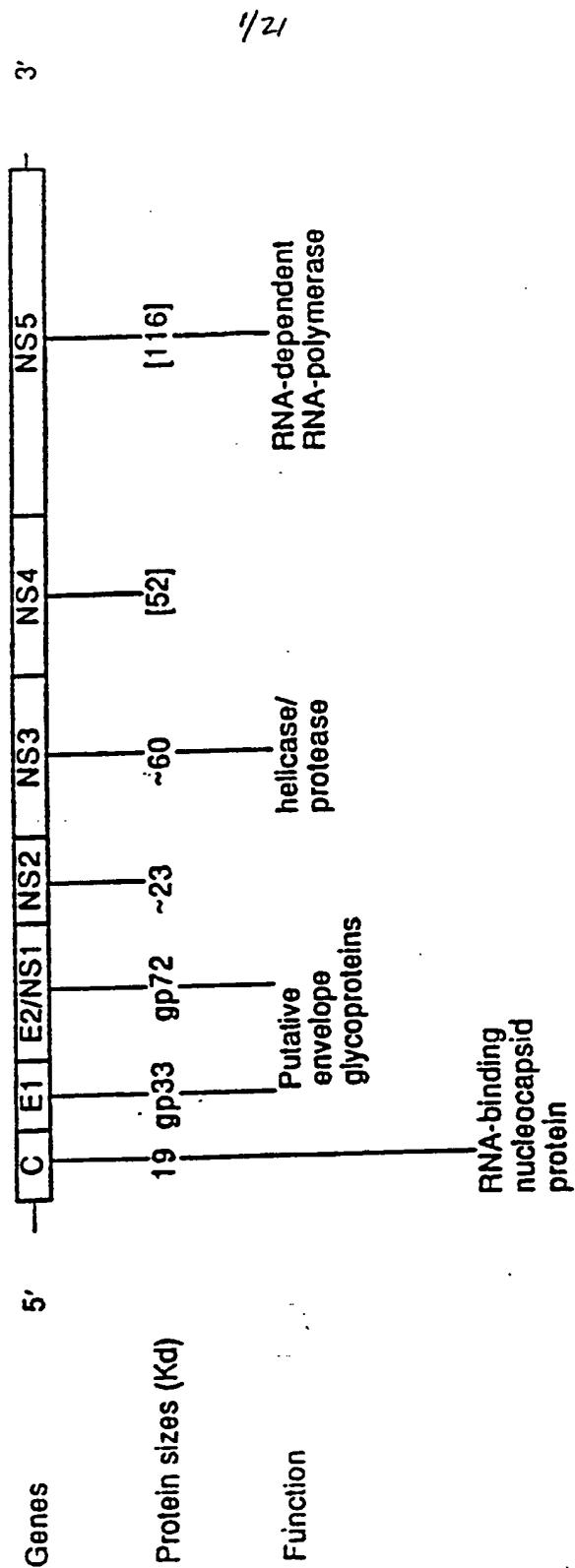


Fig. 1

Fig. 2a

NSS REGION

SEQUENCE ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
		CTCCACAGTC	ACTGAGAGGG	ACATCCGTAC	GGAGGGAGGA	ATCTACCAAT	GTGTGTACCT	CGACCCCCAA															
		CTCCACAGTC	ACTGAGAGGG	ACATCCGTAC	GGAGGGAGGA	ATCTACCAAT	GTGTGTACCT	GGACCCCCAA															
		CTCCACAGTC	ACTGAGAGGG	ACATCCGTAC	GGAGGGAGGA	ATCTACCAAT	GTGTGTACCT	GGACCCCCAA															
		CTCTACAGTC	ACTGAGAGGG	ACATCCGTAC	GGAGGGAGGA	ATCTACCAAT	GTGTGTACCT	GGACCCCCAA															
		CTCCACAGTC	ACTGAGAGGG	ATATCCGTAC	GGAGGGAGGA	ATCTACCAAT	GTGTGTACCT	GGACCCCCAA															
		CTCTACAGTC	ACTGAGAGGG	ATATCCGTAC	GGAGGGAGGA	ATCTACCAAT	GTGTGTACCT	GGACCCCCAA															
		CTCCACAGTC	ACTGAGAGGT	ACATCCGTAC	TGAGGAGTCA	ATTTACCAAT	GTGTGTACCT	GGCCCCCGAA															
		CTCAACGGTC	ACTGAGAGT	ACATCCGTG	TGAGGAGTCA	ATTTACCAAA	GTGTGTACCT	GGCCCCCGAG															
		CTCAACGGTC	ACCGGAAATG	ACATCCGTG	TGAGGAGTCA	ATTTACCAAT	GTGTGTCTT	GGCCCCCGAG															
		CTCAACGGTC	ACTGAGAGTG	ACATCCGTG	TGAGGAGTCA	ATTTACCAAT	GTGTGTCTT	GGCCCCCGAG															
		CTCCACAGTC	ACTGAGAGTG	ACATCCGTG	TGAGGAGTCA	ATTTACCAAT	GTGTGTCTT	GGCCCCCGAG															
		CTCAACAGTC	ACTGAGAGTG	ACATCCGTG	TGAGGAGTCA	ATTTACCAAT	GTGTGTCTT	GGCCCCCGAG															
		CTCAACAGTC	ACTGAGAGTG	ACATCCGTG	TGAGGAGTCA	ATTTACCAAT	GTGTGTCTT	GGCCCCCGAG															
		CTCAACAGTC	ACTGAGAGTG	ACATCCGTG	TGAGGAGTCA	ATTTACCAAT	GTGTGTCTT	GGCCCCCGAG															
		CTCAACAGTC	ACTGAGAGTG	ACATCCGTG	TGAGGAGTCA	ATTTACCAAT	GTGTGTCTT	GGCCCCCGAG															
		CTGACCGTT	ACCGAACATG	ACATAATGAC	TGAAGAGTCC	ATATACCGAG	CCTGCTCCCT	GCCTGAGGAG															
		CTGACCGTT	ACCGAACATG	ACATAATGAC	TGAAGAGTCC	ATCTACCAAT	CCTGCTTCACT	GCCCGAGGAG															
		CTCTACAGTC	ACAGAGAGGG	ACATCCGAAAC	CGAGGAGTCC	ATCTATCTG	CCTGCTTCACT	GCTGAGGAG															
		CTCTACAGTC	ACGGAGAGGG	ACATCCGAAAC	CGAGGAGTCC	ATCTATCTG	CCTGCTTCACT	GCTGAGGAG															
		CTCAACCGTC	ACGGAGAGGG	ACATAAGAAC	AGAAGAAC	ATATATCAGG	GTGTGTCTT	GCTCTAGGAG															
		CTGACCGTT	ACGAAACATG	ACATAATGAC	TGAAGAGTCC	ATTTACCAAT	CATGTACTT	GCAGCCTGAG															
		CTGACCGTT	ACGAAACATG	ACATAATGAC	TGAAGAGTCC	ATTTACCAAT	CATGTACTT	GCAGCCTGAG															
		CTCTACTGTC	ACTGAAACAGG	ACATCCAGGT	GGAAAGGGAG	ATATACCAAT	GCTGTAAACCT	TGAACCGGGAG															
		CTCGACTGTC	ACTGAAACAGG	ACATCCAGGT	GGAAAGGGAG	ATATACCAAT	GCTGTAAACCT	TGAACCGGGAG															
		CTCAACTGTC	ACTGAAACAGG	ACATCCAGGT	GGAAAGGGAG	ATATACCAAT	GCTGTAAACCT	TGAACCGGGAG															

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Fig. 2b

NS5 REGION - (2/5)

SEQUENCE	ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE
1	GI	71
2	GI	71
3	GI	71
4	GI	71
5	GI	71
6	GI	71
7	GI	71
8		71
9		71
10		71
11		71
12		71
13	GIIf	71
14		71
15		71
16		71
17		71
18	GV	71
19		71
20	GIV	71
21		71
22		71

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Fig. 2c

NS5 REGION - (3/5)

SEQUENCE ID	NUMBER	GENOTYPE	SEQUENCE
1	GI	141	AGAACTGCGG CTATCGCAGG TGCCCGCGCA GCGGGCTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA CCCTCAGTTC
2		141	AGAACTGCGG CTACCGCAGG TGCCCGCGCA GCGGGCTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA CCCTCAGTTC
3		141	AGAACTGCGG CTACCGCAGG TGCCCGCGCA GCGGGCTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAATA CCCTCAGTTC
4		141	AAAACCTGGG CTATCGCAGG TGCCCGCGCA GCGGGCTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA CCCTCAGTTC
5		141	AAAACCTGGG CTATCGCAGG TGCCCGCGCA GCGGGCTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAACA CCCTCAGTTC
6		141	AGAACTGCGG CTACCGCAGG TGCCCGCGCA GCGGGCTACT GACAACTAGC TGTGGTAATA CCCTCAGTTC
7	GII	141	AGAACTGCGG CTATCGCAGG TGCCCGCGCA GCGGGCTAGC TGCGACTAGC TGTGGTAATA CCCTCAGATG
8		141	AGAACTGCGG CTATCGCGA TGCCCGCGCA GCGGGCTGCT TGCGACTAGC TGTGGTAATA CCCTCAGATG
9		141	AGAACTGCGG TTATCGCGG TGCCCGCGCA GCGGGCTACT GACGACCGC TGCGGTAATA CCCTTACATG
10		141	AGAACTGCGG TTATCGCGG TGCCCGCGCA GCGGGCTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCGGTAATA CCCTCAGATG
11		141	AGAACTGCGG CTATCGCGG TGCCCGCGCA GCGGGCTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCGGTAACA CCCTCAGATG
12		141	AGAACTGCGG CTATCGCGG TGCCCGCGAA GCGGGCTGCT GACGACTAGC TGCGGTAATA CCCTCAGATG
13	GIII	141	AGACCTGCGG GTACAGGGT TGCCCGCGCA GCGGGCTGCT CACCACTAGC ATGGGAACA CCATCACATG
14		141	AATCCTGCGG GTACAGGGT TGCCCGCGA GCGGAGTGT CACCACCAGC ATGGGAACA CACTCACGTG
15		141	AATCCTGCGG GTACAGGGT TGCCCGCGA GCGGAGTGT CACCACCAGC ATGGGAACA CGCTCACGTG
16		141	AATCCTGCGG GTACAGGGT TGCCCGCGA GCGGAGTGT CACCACCAGC ATGGGAACA CACTCACGTG
17		141	AATCCTGCGG TTACAGGGT TGCCCGCGCA GCGGGTCTT CACCACCAGC ATGGGAATA CCATGACATG
18	GV	141	AACAATGTTG TTATCGTAGA TGCCGGCCA GCGGGCTCTT CACCACTAGT ATGGGAACA CCATGACGTG
19		141	AACAATGTTG TTACCGTAGA TGCCGGCCA GCGGGCTCTT CACCACTAGT ATGGGAACA CCATGACGTG
20	GIV	141	CCCAGTGTGG TTATCGCGT TGCCGTGCTA GTGGAGTCTT GCCTACCGC TTGGGAACA CAATCACTTG
21		141	CCCAGTGTGG TTATCGCGT TGCCGTGCTA GTGGAGTCTT GCCTACCGC TTGGGAACA CAATCACTTG
22		141	CCCAGTGTGG TTATCGCGT TGCCGTGCA GTGGAGTCTT GCCTACCGC TTGGGAACA CAATCACTTG

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Fig. 2d

NSS REGION - (4/5)

SEQUENCE	ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE
1	GI	211
2		CTACATCAAG
3		CTACATCAAG
4		CTACATCAAG
5		CTACATCAAG
6		CTACATCAAG
7	GI	211
8		CTACCTGAAG
9		TTACTTGAAG
10		TTACTTGAAG
11		TTACTTGAAG
12		TTACCTGAAG
13	GI	211
14		CTATGTAAGAA
15		CTACGTGAAA
16		CTACGTGAAA
17		CTACATCAA
18	GV	211
19		CTACATCAA
20	GIV	211
21		TTACATCAAG
22		TTACATCAA

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Fig. 2e

NS5 REGION - (5/5)

SEQUENCE ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE	1	GI	281	GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGC GGGGG GTCCAGGAGG AC GGGGGAGG CCTGAGAGCC
2		281	GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGT GGGGG GTCCAGGAGG AC GGGGGAGG CCTGAGAGCC		
3		281	GACTTGGTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGT GGGGG GTCCAGGAGG AC GGGGGAGG CCTGAGAGCC		
4		281	GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGT GGGGG GTCCAGGAGG AC GGGGGAGG CCTGAGAGCC		
5		281	GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGT CAGGGGA GTCCAGGAGG ATGCAGCGAA CCTGAGAGCC		
6		281	GACTTAGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGT GGGGG GTCCAGGAGG AC GGGGGAGG CCTGAGAGCC		
7	GI I	281	GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGC GGGGG AACCAAGAGG AC GGGGGAGG CCTACGAGCC		
8		281	GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGCAGGAGG ACCCAAGGG ATGCGGGAGG CCTACGAGTC		
9		281	GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA AAGCAGGAGG ACCCAAGGG AC GGGGGAGG CCTACGAGTC		
10		281	GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGCGGGGG ACCCAAGGG AC GGGGGAGG CCTACGAGTC		
11		281	GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGCGGGGG ACCCAAGGG AC GGGGGAGG CCTACGAGTC		
12		281	GACCTTGTCG TTATCTGTGA GAGCGGGGG ACCCAAGGG AC GGGGGAGG CCTACGAGTC		
13	GI I	281	GACTTAGTG TCATCTCAGA AAGC CAGGGG ACTGAGGGAGG AC GGGGGAGG CCTGAGAGCT		
14		281	GACCTGGTCG TCATCTCAGA GAGTCAGGG GCTGAGGGAGG AC GGGGGAGG CCTGAGAGTC		
15		281	GACCTGGTG TCATCTCAGA GAGTCAGGG GTCGAGGAAG ATGAGCGAGG CCTGAGAGTC		
16		281	GACCTAGTCG TCATCTCAGA GAGTCAGGG GTCGAGGGAGG ATGAGCGAGG CCTGAGAGCT		
17		281	GACCTGGTCG TCATCTCAGA GAGCGAAGGT AACGAGGGAGG AC GGGGGAGG CCTGAGAGCT		
18	GV	281	GATCTGGGG CCATTTGCGA GAGCCAGGG AC GGGGGAGG ATAAAGCAGGG CCTGAGAGCC		
19		281	ACCTGGGG CCATTTGCGA GAGCCAGGG AC GGGGGAGG ATGAAAGCGTG CCTGAGAGTC		
20	GIV	281	GATCTGGTCG TGGGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCGACGGAGG ATAGAGCG CCTGAGAGCC		
21		281	GATCTGGTG TGGGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCGACGGAGG ATAGAACAGG CCTGAGAGCC		
22		281	GATCTGGTG TGGGGCTGA GAGTGATGGC GTCAATGAGG ATAGAGCG CCTGGGGAGCC		

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Fig. 3

ENVELOPE REGION

SEQUENCE ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE	SEQUENCE
23	GI	GACGGCGTGTG GACGGCGTGTG AACGGCGTGTG
24		1 1 1
25		AACGGCGTGTG GTAATGGCTC AGCTGCTCCG GATCCACAA GATCCACAA GGTCCCGCAA
26	GII	1 1 1
27		GACAGCCCTA AGCAGCCCTA GGCAGCCCTA
28		GTCGGTGTGC AGTTACTCCG GATCCACAA GATCCACAA GGTCTCGTGC
29	GIV	1 1 1
30		TGTGGGTATG TGTGGGTATG TGTGGGTATG
31		GTGGGGCAT AGTCCTGGC TTTGGGGCAT
32	GIII	1 1 1
		TACCACTATG CTCCCTGGAT ACTTGGTGGG CATCCGGAG GTCATCTGG ACATTATCAC
23	GI	61 61 61
24		TGGGAGTCC TGGAGCCAC TGGGAGTCC
25		TGGGAGTCC TGGGAGTCC TGGGAGTCC
26	GII	61 61 61
27		GGGGCCAC GGGGCCAC GGGGCCAC
28		TGGGAGTCC TGGGAGTCC TGGGAGTCC
29	GIV	61 61 61
30		CGGGCCCAT CGGGCCCAT CGGGCCCAT
31		TGGGCATCT TGGGCATCT TGGGCATCT
32	GIII	61 61
		GGGAGGACAC GGGAGGACAC TGGGGCTGA TGTGGGCT

100 Total

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Fig. 4a

5'UT Region

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SEQUENCE	ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE
33	GI	1
34		1
35		1
36		1
37		1
38		1
39	GII	1
40		1
41		1
42		1
43		1
44		1
45		1
46	GIII	1
47		1
48	GIV	1
49		1
50	GV	1
51		1

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Fig. 4b

5'UT Region (2/5)

SEQUENCE ID	NUMBER	GENOTYPE
33	61	G1
34	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC
35	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC
36	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATAAACCC
37	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC
38	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATAAACCC
39	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC
40	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC
41	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC
42	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC
43	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC
44	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC
45	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGACGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATCAACCC
46	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTGCCA GGAAAGCTGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATAAACCC
47	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATTCTGG GTAAAGCTGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATAAACCC
48	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATCGCTG GGATGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGAGCAACCC
49	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATCGCTG GGATGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGAGTAACCC
50	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATCGCTG GGATGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATAAACCC
51	61	GCGGAACCGG TGAGTACACC GGAATCGCTG GGATGACCGG GTCCCTTCTT GGATAAACCC

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Fig. 4C

5'UT Region (3/5)

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SEQUENCE ID	NUMBER	GENOTYPE	SEQUENCE	NUMBER	GENOTYPE			
33	G1	121	GCTCAATGCC	TGAGATTG	GGCTGCC	CGCAAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
34		121	GCTCAATGCC	TGAGATTG	GGCTGCC	CGCAAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
35		121	GCTCAATGCC	TGAGATTG	GGCACGCC	CGCAAGATCA	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
36		121	GCTCAATGCC	TGAGATTG	GGCTGCC	CGCGAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
37		121	GCTCAATGCC	TGAGATTG	GGCTGCC	CGCAAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
38		121	GCTCAATGCC	TGAGATTG	GGCTGCC	CGCAAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
39	GII	121	GCTCAATGCC	TGAGATTG	GGCTGCC	CGCGAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
40		121	GCTCAATGCC	TGAGATTG	GGCTGCC	CGCGAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
41		121	GCTCAATGCC	TGAGATTG	GGCTGCC	CGCGAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
42		121	GCTCAATGCC	TGAGATTG	GGCTGCC	CGCGAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
43		121	GCTCAATGCC	TGAGATTG	GGCTGCC	CGCGAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
44		121	GCTCAATGCC	TGAGATTG	GGCTGCC	CGCGAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
45		121	GCTCAATGCC	TGAGATTG	GGCTGCC	CGCGAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
46	GIII	121	ACTCTATGCC	CGGCCATTG	GGCTGCC	CGCAAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
47		121	ACTCTATGCC	CGGCCATTG	GGCTGCC	CGCAAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
48	GIV	121	GCTCAATACC	CAGAAATTG	GGCGTGCC	CGCGAGATCA	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
49		121	GCTCAATACC	CAGAAATTG	GGCGTGCC	CGCGAGATCA	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
50	GV	121	GCTCAATGCC	CGAGATTG	GGCGTGCC	CGCGAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT
51		121	GCTCAATGCC	CGAGATTG	GGCGTGCC	CGCGAGACTG	CTAGCCGAGT	CTAGCTGGGT

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Fig. 4d

ENVELOPE REGION (4/5)

SEQUENCE	ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE
33	G1	181 CGCGAAAGGC CTTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
34		181 CGCGAAAGGC CTTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
35		181 CGCGAAAGGC CTTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
36		181 CGCGAAAGGC CTTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
37		181 CGCGAAAGGC CTTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
38		181 CGCGAAAGGC CTTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
39	GII	181 CGCGAAAGGC CTTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
40		181 CGCGAAAGGC CTTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
41		181 CGCGAAAGGC CTTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
42		181 CGCGAAAGGC CTTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
43		181 CGCGAAAGGC CTTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
44		181 CGCGAAAGGC CTTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
45		181 CGCGAAAGGC CTTGGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
46	GIII	181 TGGCAAAGGC CTCTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
47		181 TGGCAAAGGC CTCTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
48	GIV	181 CGCGAAAGGC CTCTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT
49		181 CGCGAAAGGC CTCTGGTAC TGCCTGATAG GGTGCTTGGG AGTGCCTCGT

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Fig. 4e

5'UT Region (5/5)

SEQUENCE	ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE
	33	GI 241 AGACCGTGCA CC
	34	241 AGACCGTGCA CC
	35	241 AGACCGTGCA CC
	36	241 AGACCGTGCA CC
	37	241 AGACCGTGCA CC
	38	241 AGACCGTGCA CC
	39	GII 241 AGACCGTGCA CC
	40	241 AGACCGTGCA TC
	41	241 AGACCGTGCA CC
	42	241 AGACCGTGCA CC
	43	241 AGACCGTGCA CC
	44	241 AGACCGTGCA CC
	45	241 AGACCGTGCA CC
	46	GIII 241 AGACCGTGCA TC
	47	241 AGACCGTGCA TC
	48	GIV 241 AGACCGTGCA AC
	49	241 AGACCGTGCA AC
		252 Total

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Fig. 5a

CORE REGION

SEQUENCE	ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE	CORE REGION
52	G1	1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC TCAAAAAAAA ACAAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG
53		1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC TCAAAAGAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG
54		1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC TCAAAAGAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG
55		1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC TCAAAAGAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG
56		1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC TCAAAAGAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG
57		1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC TCAAAAGAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG
58	GII	1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC TCAAAAGAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG CGGCCACAG
59		1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC TCAAAAGAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG CGGCCACAG
60		1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC CCAAGAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG TCGCCCACAG
61		1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC TCAAAAGAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG CGGCCACAG
62		1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC TCAAAAGAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG CGGCCACAG
63		1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC TCAAAAGAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG CGGCCACAG
64		1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC TCAAAAGAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG CGGCCACAG
65	GIII	1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC TCAAAAGAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG CGGCCACAG
66		1	ATGAGCACCA ATCCCTAAACC TCAAAAGAAA ACCAAACGTA ACACCAACCG CGGCCACAG

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Fig. 5b

CORE REGION (2/9)

SEQUENCE	ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE
52	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG CGGTCAAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG
53	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG CGGTCAAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG
54	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG CGGTCAAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG
55	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG CGGTCAAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG
56	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG CGGTCAAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG
57	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG CGGTCAAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG
58	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG TGGCCAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG
59	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG TGGTCAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG
60	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG TGGTCAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG
61	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG TGGTCAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG
62	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG TGGTCAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG
63	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG TGGTCAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG
64	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG TGGTCAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG
65	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG TGGCCAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG
66	61	GACGTAACT TCCGGGGGG TGGTCAGTC GTTACCTGTT GCGGGCAGG

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Fig. 5C

CORE REGION (3/9)

SEQUENCE	ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE	SEQUENCE
			=====
52	G1	121	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGGACGAGA AAGACTTCGG ACCTCTGAGGT
53		121	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGGACGAGG AAGACTTCGG ACCTCTGAGGT
54		121	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGGACGAGG AAGACTTCGG ACCTCTGAGGT
55		121	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGGACGAGG AAGACTTCGG ACCTCTGAGGT
56		121	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGGACGAGG AAGACTTCGG ACCTCTGAGGT
57		121	GGCCCTAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGGACGAGG AAGACTTCGG ACCTCTGAGGT
			=====
58	GII	121	GGCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCGG ACCTCTGAGGA
59		121	GGCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCGG ACCTCTGAGGA
60		121	GGCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCGG ACCTCTGAGGA
61		121	GGCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCGG ACCTCTGAGGA
62		121	GGCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCGG ACCTCTGAGGA
63		121	GGCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCGG ACCTCTGAGGA
64		121	GGCCCAGGT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACTAGG AAGACTTCGG ACCTCTGAGGA
			=====
65	GIII	121	GGCCGAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAAACTTCGG AACGATCCCA GCCACGGGA
66		121	GGCCGAGAT TGGGTGTGCG CGCGACGAGG AAAACTTCGG AACGATCCCA GCCACGGGA

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Fig. 5d**CORE REGION (4/9)**

SEQUENCE	ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE
52	G1	181 AGACGTCA GC
53		CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGTCCG CCCGAGGGCA
54		GGCGCGTCCG CCCGAGGGCA
55		GGACGTCA GC
56		CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGTCCG CCCGAGGGCA
57		GGACGTCA GC
58	GII	181 AGACGTCA GC
59		CTATCCCCAA GGCTCGTCCG CCCGAGGGCA
60		GGCTCGCCG CCCGAGGGCA
61		GGCTCGCCG CCCGAGGGCA
62		GGCTCGCCG CCCGAGGGCA
63		GGCTCGCCG CCCGAGGGCA
64		GGCTCGCCG CCCGAGGGCA
65	GIII	181 AGGCCTCAGC CCATCCTAA AGATCGTCCG ACCGCTGGCA
66		AGGCCTCAGC CCATCCTAA AGATCGTCCG ACCACTGGCA

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Fig. 5e

CORE REGION (5/9)

SEQUENCE	ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE
52	G1	241
53		241 TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGG TGCGGGTGGG CGGGATGGGT CCTGTCTCCC
54		241 TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGG TGCGGGTGGG CGGGATGGGT CCTGTCTCCC
55		241 TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG TAATGAGGT TCGGGATGGG CGGGATGGGT CCTGTCTCCC
56		241 TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGG TGCGGGTGGG CGGGATGGGT CCTGTCTCCC
57		241 TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT TGCGGGTGGG CGGGATGGGT CCTGTCTCCC
58	GII	241 TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGGT CCTGTCAACC
59		241 TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAACGAGGT ATGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGGT CCTGTCAACC
60		241 TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAACGAGGT ATGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGGT CCTGTCAACC
61		241 TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGGT CCTGTCAACC
62		241 TATCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT CTGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGGT CCTGTCAACC
63		241 TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGGT CCTGTCAACC
64		241 TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG CAATGAGGGT ATGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGGT CCTGTCAACC
65	GIII	241 TATCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG GAATGAGGGT CTGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGGT CCTGTCAACC
66		241 TACCCCTTGGC CCCTCTATGG GAATGAGGGT CTGGGGTGGG CAGGATGGGT CCTGTCAACC

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Fig. 5f

CORE REGION (6/9)

SEQUENCE	ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE	CORE REGION (6/9)								
52	G1	301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGCTG	GGGGCCCA	GACCCCCCCC	GTAAGTCGGG	CAATTGGGT			
53		301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGCTG	GGGGCCCA	GACCCCCCCC	GTAAGTCGGG	CAATTGGGT			
54		301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGCTG	GGGGCCCTACA	GACCCCCCCC	GTAAGTCGGG	CAATTGGGT			
55		301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGCTG	GGGGCCCA	GACCCCCCCC	GTAAGTCGGG	CAATTGGGT			
56		301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGCTG	GGGGCCCA	GACCCCCCCC	GTAAGTCGGG	CAATTGGGT			
57		301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAACTG	GGGGCCCA	GACCCCCCCC	GTAAGTCGGG	CAATTGGGT			
58	G1I	301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGCTG	GGGGCCCA	GACCCCCCCC	GTAAGTCGGG	CAATTGGGT			
59		301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGCTG	GGGGCCCA	GACCCCCCCC	GTAAGTCGGG	CAATTGGGT			
60		301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGCTG	GGGGCCCA	GACCCCCCCC	GTAAGTCGGG	CAATTGGGT			
61		301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGCTG	GGGGCCCA	GACCCCCCCC	GTAAGTCGGG	CAATTGGGT			
62		301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGCTG	GGGGCCCTAAC	GACCCCCCCC	GTAAGTCGGG	CAATTGGGT			
63		301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGCTG	GGGGCCCA	GACCCCCCCC	GTAAGTCGGG	CAATTGGGT			
64		301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTAGCTG	GGGGCCCAA	GACCCCCCCC	GTAAGTCGGG	CAATTGGGT			
65	G1II	301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTTCATG	GGGCCCCACT	GACCCCCCCC	ATAGATCGGG	CAACTGGGT			
66		301	CCTGGCTCTC	GGCCTTCATG	GGGCCCCACT	GACCCCCCCC	ATAGATCAAG	CAACTGGGT			

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Fig. 5g

CORE REGION (7/9)

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SEQUENCE	ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE
52	G1	361 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCTTAC GTGGGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT ACCGGCTCGTC
53		361 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCTTAC GTGGGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT ACCGGCTCGTC
54		361 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCTTAC GTGGGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGGCTCGTT
55		361 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCTTAC GTGGGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT ACCGGCTCGTC
56		361 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCTTAC GTGGGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT ACCGGCTCGTC
57		361 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCTTAC GTGGGGCTTC GCCGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT ACCGGCTCGTC
58	GII	361 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCTTAC ATGGGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGGCTCGTC
59		361 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCTTAC ATGGGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGGCTCGTC
60		361 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCTTAC ATGGGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGGCTCGTC
61		361 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCTTAC ATGGGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGGCTCGTC
62		361 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCTTAC GTGGGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGGCTCGTC
63		361 AAGATCATCG ATACCTTAC GTGGGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGGCTCGTC
64		361 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCTTAC ATGGGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCGGCTCGTC
65	GIII	361 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCTTAC GTGGGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCCGCTCATC
66		361 AAGGTCAATCG ATACCTTAC GTGGGGCTTC GCGGACCTCA TGGGGTACAT TCCCGCTGGT

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CORE REGION (8/9)

SEQUENCE	ID NUMBER	GENOTYPE
52	G1	421
53		GGCGCCCCCTC TTGGAGGGCC TGCCAGGGCC CTGGGCCATG GCCTCCGGGT TCTGGAAAGAC
54		421
55		421
56		421
57		421
58	G11	421
59		421
60		421
61		421
62		421
63		421
64		421
65	G111	421
66		421

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Fig. 5i**CORE REGION (9/9)**

SEQUENCE ID	NUMBER	GENOTYPE
52	481	GGCGTGAACATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCCTT GGTGGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCC CTGCTCTCT
53	481	GGCGTGAACATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCCTT GGTGGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCC CTGCTCTCT
54	481	GGCGTGAACATGCAACAGG GAATCTTCCCTT GGTGGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCC CTGCTCTCT
55	481	GGCGTGAACATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCCTT GGTGGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCC CTGCTCTCT
56	481	GGCGTGAACATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCCTT GGTGGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCC CTGCTCTCT
57	481	GGCGTGAACATGCAACAGG GAACCTTCCCTT GGTGGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCC CTGCTCTCT
58	481	GGCGTGAACATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCCC GGTGGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT CTGCTGTCC
59	481	GGCGTGAACATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCCC GGTGGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT CTGCTGTCC
60	481	GGCGTGAACATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCCC GGTGGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT CTGCTGTCC
61	481	GGCGTGAACATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCCC GGTGGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT CTGCTGTCC
62	481	GGCGTGAACATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCCC GGTGGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT CTGCTGTCC
63	481	GGCGTGAACATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCCC GGTGGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT CTGCTGTCC
64	481	GGCGTGAACATGCAACAGG GAATCTACCC GGTGGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT CTGCTGTCC
65	481	GGGGTAAATTATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCCC GGTGGCTCTT TCTCTATCTT CCTCTTGGCT CTGCTGTCT
66	481	GGGATAAAATTATGCAACAGG GAATCTGCCC

549 Total

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